WEEKLY EDITION
1.00 per Annum, in Advance.

FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER

DAILY EDITION
$4.00 per Annum, in Advance
2.00 for 6 Months, " "
1.00 for 3 " " "
40c. for 1 " " "

OLD SERIES—VOL. LXIV—NO 3,301 FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY, AUGUST 10, 1899. NEW SERIES—VOL. XVI—NO. 25

Paying Double Prices

Price, $18.75.

for everything is not pleasant, is it? But that's what you are doing, if you don't buy here. Did you think it possible to buy a $50.00 Bicycle for $18.75? Catalogue No. 50 tells all about Bicycles, Sewing Machines, Organs and Pianos. What do you think of a fine suit of Clothing, made-to-your-measure, guaranteed to fit and express mind to your station for $5.50? Catalogue No. 57 shows 32 samples of clothing and shows many bargains in Shoes, Hats and Furnishings. Lithographed Catalogue No. 47 shows Carpets, Rugs, Portieres and Lace Curtains, in hand-painted colors. We pay Freight, sew carpets free, and furnish lining without charge.

Price, $3.95.

What do you think of a Solid Oak Dry-air Family Refrigerator for $3.95? It is but one of over 8000 bargains contained in our General Catalogue of Furniture and Household Goods. We save you from 40 to 60 per cent. on everything. Why buy at retail when you know of us? Which catalogue do you want? Address this way,

JULIUS HINES & SON, Baltimore, Md. Dept. 909.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

Virginia College
For Young Ladies, Roanoke, Va.

Opens Sept. 12th, 1899. One of the leading Schools for Young Ladies in the South. Magnificent buildings, all modern improvements. Campus ten acres. Grand mountain scenery in valley of Virginia, famed for health. European and American teachers. Full course. Superior advantages in Art and Music. Students from twenty-seven States. For catalogue address the President,

MATTIE P. HARRIS, Roanoke, Va.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Place, PHILADA., PA.
Sold by all Local Druggists.

Blood Tells.

Yes, it is the index to health. If you have bad blood you are likely to learn that you have Rheumatism, one of the most horrible diseases to which mankind is heir. If this disease has just begun its work, or if you have been afflicted for years you should at once take the wonderful new cure,

RHEUMACIDE.

Thousands have been cured. The summer season is the best time to take a rheumatic remedy. Nature will then aid the medicine in effecting a permanent constitutional cure. People with bad blood are subject to catarrh, indigestion, and many other diseases. To be healthy the blood must be pure RHEUMACIDE is the Prince of blood purifiers.

Sold by Druggists. Price $1.

Big Picnic Excursion
from Selma, via Fayetteville, to Wilmington, Ocean View. Carolina Beach and Wrightsville

AUGUST 11, 1899.

The first, the biggest, the best. There is no place like the Seashore for a day of pleasure. The cool breezes, the salt water, the excellent fish, the association with friends, these make a day of genuine delight and joy.

This delightful party will have special arrangements to go to Wrightsville or Carolina Beach. Capt. Harper will meet us at Wilmington with the magnificent steamer *Wilmington* and those who desire can go down the river to Carolina Beach Special arrangements with the Seacoast road will give all an opportunity to go to Wrightsville and Ocean View. Only a few steps to take this train.

The Dunn Brass Band will give the excursionists free music. There will be coaches left at Fayetteville for the benefit of those who desire to get on at that point. Remember that this is strictly a white excursion. Refreshment car attached to the train. Come along and go with us—we will try to make you happy for one day. Train arrives at Wilmington at 11 a. m. and leaves at 10 p. m.

Train leaves Fayetteville at 8:10 a. m. Fare for round trip $1.25. Children under 12 years old half price.

Committee: Walter Faller, Smithfield and Selma; J. E. Johnson, Benson; Dr. Goodwin and E. Lee, Dunn; J. A. Burns and J. W. Ingold, Fayetteville.

NOTICE.

IN THE UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA, IN EQUITY.

THE FARMERS LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, Trustee,
vs.
THE CAPE FEAR AND YADKIN VALLEY R'Y CO. *et al.*

ORDER OF COURT.

Upon the foregoing petition and exhibits, it is this seventh day of July, 1899, ordered by the court that the said John Gill, as principal, and the said Charles D. Fisher and John McHenry, as sureties, be discharged from all responsibility upon the bond of the said receiver, executed on the 3rd day of April, 1894, unless cause be shown to the contrary by the seventh day of August, 1899, provided, a copy of this order be published by the Special Master in three newspapers published in the State of North Carolina, selected by said Special Master, requiring all parties in said matters to appear in this court and show cause to the contrary on or before said date.

[Signed] CHARLES H. SIMONTON, Circuit Judge.

The foregoing Order of Court is published, as directed therein, and all parties interested in said matter are hereby notified and required to appear in said court on or before the said 7th day of August, 1899, and show cause to the contrary, if any they have.

Wilmington, N. C, July 8th, 1899
E. S. MARTIN,
Special Master.
law4w

If tells you whether you continue the nerve-killing tobacco habit, NO-TO-BAC removes the desire for tobacco, builds up nerve-force, expels nicotine, purifies the blood, regulates the kidneys, makes you strong and manly, 50c and $1.00, all druggists. Book "Don't Smoke Your Life Away" free. Address The Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

STOP SMOKING.

NO-TO-BAC

Your own druggist will vouch for us. Take it with a will, positively, persistently. One box, 50c., 3 boxes, $1.25, usually cures; 3 boxes, $2.50, guaranteed to cure, or we refund money.

CURIOSITIES OF POLITICAL LITERATURE.

We noted yesterday the complete reversal of positions which the two leading newspapers of Kentucky, the Louisville Courier-Journal and the Louisville Dispatch, have made in their attitude towards the regular Democracy. Here is another curiosity of the same kind. The Raleigh Post of the 1st of August, which has not been over friendly to silver and Bryan, contains this article:

DEMOCRATIC GAINS UNDER BRYAN.

A correspondent of the New York Sun writes that paper:

It is undeniable that the high water mark of extreme Democratic success between 1852 and 1892 was attained in the Presidential election of the latter year, when a Democratic candidate for President, Mr. Cleveland, polled 5,500,000 votes and received 277 electoral votes, a larger popular and electoral vote than ever before received on the basis of the vote cast for any candidate, Republican or Democrat. Gen. Harrison had, when elected in 1888, 233 electoral votes; Gen. Garfield, in 1880, had 214. The popular vote for Grant was 3,500,000 in 1872, 4,500,000 for Garfield in 1880, and 5,400,000 for Harrison in 1888.

William J. Bryan polled 1,000,000 more votes in 1896 than the high-water Democratic vote of four years before and he did so on a platform the demand for the reiteration of which comes almost solidly from the States he carried, while the demand for a "new issue" comes chiefly from those States in which the Democracy is in a hopeless minority. Taking a few of the large States of the West and South and comparing the Democratic vote in them in the succeeding Presidential elections of 1892 and 1896 (the first of which the Democrats carried and the second of which they didn't) these are the figures:

DEMOCRATIC VOTE FOR PRESIDENT.

	1892.	1896.
Illinois -	426,281	464,523
Ohio -	404,115	477,497
Missouri -	268,400	363,667
Indiana -	262,740	306,226
Texas -	239,148	368,289
Michigan -	202,296	237,251
Iowa -	196,367	223,741

In these seven important States the Bryan Democrats justified their claims to increase in 1896. And they were not the only ones in which there was a substantial gain of Democratic votes in 1896 over 1892:

	1892.	1896.
Arkansas -	87,834	110,103
California -	118,293	144,766
Kentucky -	175,461	217,890
Minnesota -	100,920	139,735
Nevada -	714	8,369
North Carolina -	132,951	174,448
Oregon -	12,242	46,739
Tennessee -	136,594	168,289
West Virginia -	184,467	92,927

"Bryanism," as a Democratic device in vote-getting, failed utterly in the Eastern and Middle Atlantic States, but the defections from the Democratic standard on account of it were practically limited to these sections. In other parts of the country there were material, and even surprising, Democratic gains.

On the same day, the Atlanta Constitution, the very head and front for many years of silverism, contained the following article:

Map showing election results of 1896. Republican vote, 7,104,779; representing 271 electoral votes.
Democratic vote, 6,502,924; representing 176 electoral votes.

Map showing election results of 1898. Republican vote, 5,499,064; representing 272 electoral votes.
Democratic vote, 5,427,224; representing 175 electoral votes.

The active work of the presidential campaign of 1900 began recently in Chicago, where the democratic national committee met and indorsed the Chicago platform of 1896 and Mr. Bryan, who was present.

Mr. Bryan at present has control of the machinery of the party, and there seems little doubt of his renomination. That he is not overconfident of election is shown by his willingness to make anti imperialism and opposition to trusts important planks in the coming platform, but free silver is to be kept well to the front.

Already some of the leading gold democrats of 1896 are announcing their opposition to the platform and candidate once more, but the exact amount of opposition within the party cannot be determined for some time.

Mr. Bryan's friends lay claim to success on the following grounds:

1. Most gold democrats will vote for Bryan either because they do not like the treatment they have received from republicans or because they are opposed to imperialism.

2. Many former republicans will vote for Bryan because they are opposed to trusts and imperialism and because they think free silver would help the situation.

3. A reaction against an administration always sets in, and in normal times it is virtually impossible to reelect any president.

4. Bryan is better known than in 1896, fear of a panic no longer exists and this country is able to establish free silver on its own account and maintain it.

The republican view is quite different. They prophesy McKinley's reelection on the following grounds:

1. McKinley's successful administration of civil and military affairs.

2. The prosperity that has come from the Dingley tariff and the gold standard.

3. Gold democrats will not support Bryan and the democratic party cannot be made to unite on any one.

The split in the democracy is undeniable, but its magnitude cannot now be measured or even guessed at with any degree of reliability. The "enemy's country" is no more in favor of Bryan now than in 1896, but it does not follow that McKinley will get the same percentage of votes as then. Tammany's recent effort to exploit Mr. Augustus Van Wyck as a candidate for the presidency ended so disastrously that no one else has been brought forward against Bryan since then.

The study of the election figures of 1897 and 1898 is interesting at this time. No one will claim that they necessarily foretell the result in 1900, but they do give a pretty correct idea of what the democrats must overcome in order to win. The two diagrams given herewith show the results of the elections in 1896 and 1898, the republican states being shaded. It will be noted that McKinley carried a compact body of states covering the northeast section of the country and Oregon and California in addition. These states represented a total of 271 electoral votes, Bryan capturing one in California and one in Kentucky. The vote for the two leading candidates was:

McKinley.....7,104,779
Bryan.....6,502,925

being the largest vote ever cast in a presidential election. These totals vary slightly from some other estimates, as some persons count the votes of the highest electors and some the lowest, while others give the average. McKinley's total plurality was little more than his pluralities in New York and Pennsylvania combined.

There were few state elections in 1897, and in none of them were the changes important except that New York and Kentucky went democratic.

In 1898 there were state elections in all but a few of the states and in all the congressional districts. The diagram above shows which states were carried by each party, those by republicans being shaded. It will be noted that the democrats gained over 1896 only two states—Kentucky and Minnesota—and the latter only on the governorship, where fusion elected a popular Scandinavian by 20.000 plurality, though the republicans carried every congressional district by pluralities aggregating over 32,000.

On the other hand, the republicans gained Washington, Wyoming, Kansas and South Dakota, which have twenty one electoral votes, the same as Kentucky and Minnesota. The total vote in 1898 in the various states foots up as follows: Republican, 5,499,064; democratic, 5,427,224.

The votes in the electoral college represented by these states are: Republican, 272; democratic, 175, or within one vote of the result in 1896, the difference being accounted for by the Bryan vote in California.

What Mr. Bryan must have to win is forty-nine more electoral votes than his party carried last fall. In all probability he must have fifty-eight votes, for Minnesota can scarcely be imagined as a democratic state. Still further, he may need to get thirteen more, as the recent split in the Kentucky democracy makes his chances there anything but favorable.

Where are these fifty-eight votes to come from? The democrat who is interested in the subject may figure this out for himself with the aid of the above maps and the following table, which gives the electoral vote of each state:

Alabama,	11	Nebraska,	8
Arkansas,	8	Nevada,	3
California,	9	New Hampshire,	4
Colorado,	4	New Jersey,	10
Connecticut	6	New York,	36
Delaware,	3	North Carolina,	11
Florida,	4	North Dakota,	3
Georgia,	13	Ohio,	23
Idaho,	3	Oregon,	4
Illinois,	24	Pennsylvania,	32
Indiana,	15	Rhode Island,	4
Iowa,	13	South Carolina,	9
Kansas,	10	South Dakota,	4
Kentucky	13	Tennessee,	12
Louisiana,	8	Texas,	15
Maine,	6	Utah,	3
Maryland,	8	Vermont,	4
Massachusetts,	15	Virginia,	12
Michigan,	14	Washington,	4
Minnesota,	9	West Virginia,	6
Mississippi,	9	Wisconsin,	12
Missouri,	17	Wyoming,	3
Montana,	3		
Total,			447

This article is not in the least controversial, it is simply pointing out the situation as it exists. Many times parties have been defeated when seemingly strongly intrenched. The republicans not only carried a majority of the popular votes last fall, but they elected a small majority of members of the national house of representatives. This is unusual in the middle of an administration.

It is evident that Mr. Bryan has a large task ahead of him. Will he be able to accomplish it?

In reply to the inquiry in the last sentence of the foregoing, we unhesitatingly reply that, in our opinion, Mr. Bryan will be able to accomplish the task referred to, and that there is no surer sign that his coming success is "in the air" than the change that is taking place among former opponents of the Chicago platform. It was only the existence of a state of war which prevented the Republican party from widespread disaster in the elections of 1898.

The Curious Change in Kentucky.

Various theories are advanced to account for the complete somersaults which the Courier Journal, on the one hand, and the Louisville Dispatch, on the other, have recently thrown in their attitude towards the regular democracy. It is pretty well settled that the Dispatch, which was established to fight the Courier Journal in 1896, has been bought up by the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, which, in 1896, was the Courier-Journal's chief ally. Apparently the Railroad has resented the disposition of Col. Watterson to get back into the Democracy, and has determined, if possible, to beat him and its especial enemy, Goebel. As to the Courier-Journal itself, its change is probably correctly accounted for by the Atlanta Constitution's special correspondent at Flat Rock, in this State, where Mr. Haldeman, its business manager, is summering, in the following;

"In the past The Courier-Journal has been friendly to the Louisville and Nashville. It joined Milton H. Smith in his fight against Bryan in 1896. Various theories are advanced to account for the present fight between The Courier Journal and Mr. Smith. My opinion is that Colonel Haldeman and Colonel Watterson have decided that it is better to be with the people than with the corporation, and they have made a vow to democracy, saying: 'Thy ways shall be my ways, and whither thou goest there shall I go also,' or words to that effect. Colonel Haldeman says that he realizes there can be but two great parties in the United States. He thinks the democrats have a good chance to elect a president next year, and believes that they will unite and all fight together."

One Minute Cough Cure, cures.
That is what it was made for.

THE MEANING OF DEMOCRATIC DEFEAT NEXT YEAR.

The Morganton Herald well says that the Democratic party can survive defeat next year, but the real question is, can the Republic survive the defeat of the Democratic party? Ah, that is, indeed, the question. We very much doubt it. Our views on this subject are so well known that it is hardly necessary to repeat them.

Briefly, we believe that the acceptance of the abolition of the right of secession, which was the result of the war, changed the form of our government to such an extent that only a heroic remedy can save us. That remedy must be such a change in the other direction as would give us cabinet government responsible to a single legislative chamber. To that extent must we go in order to restore the equilibrium. Democratic success hereafter will lead eventually to this change because the effects of centralization will, otherwise, be seen to lead only to the deluge.

It may well be doubted whether, with the monstrous proposition of imperialism which the Republican party favors staring them in the face, the American people can longer be considered as fit for self government if they do not literally hurl that party from power at the first opportunity.

But our purpose, after expressing delight at our Morganton contemporary's thoughtful prognostication, was to quote in connection with it what the Atlanta Constitution says of the latest phase of Republicanism. It will take the average reader's breath away: it is Mark Hanna for 1904 if McKinley wins in 1900!

Says the Constitution:

Senator Hanna for 1904. That is said to be the latest slate of those who are now in the saddle in the republican party. After McKinley, the man who made him.

The real meaning of the action of M. A. Hanna & Co. selling out their properties to the trusts is believed by some politicians to be found in the senator's political aspirations. This sale, like most of the other sales to trusts, is believed to consist in putting their holdings into the trust and going into that organization as a stockholder. While ostensibly retiring, the Hanna interests will, according to report, remain in the various trusts to which they have "sold."

It is said seriously in some political circles that Mr. Hanna has determined he and nobody else should be the nominee after President McKinley has had a second term. It is known that the Ohio senator has found office holding far more to his liking than he thought he would, and having got the run of things, he feels sure he could run this government as she should be run. Those close to him in Ohio are doing the Hanna-for-1904 talk, which can fairly be said to be significant. At first blush the suggestion of Hanna for president would seem little short of ridiculous, but it does not strike his Ohio followers in that way.

In the preliminary fight of 1896 Mr. Hanna found arrayed against him all the well known republican bosses of national reputation and they said many bitter things of him. Platt and Quay and Clarkson, of Iowa, and Chris Magee and all the then prominent republican leaders of congress used strong language in discussing this "political upstart" of Ohio who had the temerity to step in and run things. The campaign that followed the nomination did little to bring Hanna and the dethroned leaders into closer touch, and there was the same feeling of antagonism when Mr. Hanna kicked old John Sherman out of the senate and edged in himself.

But the three years of the McKinley administration have resulted in bringing about a much better understanding. Senator Platt and Senator Hanna have found much comfort in each other's company and the other machine republicans have found Marcus to their liking. He has, without ostentation, run things, and it is perhaps the ease with which he has carried his point that has encouraged him to think he ought to be the head in name as well as in fact.

An Honest Confession.

The gold people in the Republican party seem to be throwing off the disguise under which they have been playing upon the credulity of the public for so many years. We hear no more of international bi-metalism. Now the proposition is boldly advanced that the coming Congress shall affirm the gold standard. They have heretofore, during both of the last Republican administrations, Cleveland's and McKinley's, claimed that the LAW required the maintenance of the gold standard by the Executive. The proposition to pass such a law now is a confession that the two worthies named have been violating the law.

The New York Journal of Commerce sugar coats the proposition in this way:

"In affirming the single gold standard, therefore, the law would merely recognize an existing fact; it would make no change in commercial usage; it would make no alteration in prices and values and obligations. But with the law as it stands, an Administration favorable to cheap money or timid about employing the means of maintaining the status quo could easily substitute the long obsolete silver standard and throw all commerce into chaos by upsetting every value, and changing the obligation of every contract. There is a pressing need for legislation on this point and party interest, as well as political principle, lays upon the Administration party the obligation to eliminate the silver standard from the law books."

NO CURE—NO PAY.
That is the way all druggists sell Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic for Chills and Malaria. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. Children love it. Adults prefer it to bitter, nauseating Tonics. Price 50c.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of
The Kind You Have Always Bought

CURRENT COMMENT.

Mr. Bryan is always saying bright and pithy things that have the merit of being true, but he never said a truer one than when at Manistee, Michigan, day before yesterday, he declared that "much of the opposition to him was caused by the fear that he would enforce the laws."

* * *

The Patron and Gleaner well says: "The State is about to issue bonds for the purpose of buying farms to work the convicts on. The products of these farms come in direct competition with our farmers. We have often wondered why our farmers raised no objection to this. In New York and some other States convicts are not worked in competition with labor. Improving the country roads is the proper place to work the convicts. This would help all and come in competition with none."

* * *

A San Francisco telegram says that an officer of one of the volunteer regiments in the Philippines has written a letter saying that the arrival of the rainy season found the Filipinos and their "insurrection" as vigorous as they have been at any time since the outbreak, and that their armies, well recruited, well clothed and well fed, are becoming better disciplined and more expert as marksmen every day; while the Americans are realizing what every person familiar with the tropics knows and what this disloyal or stupid administration had business to ascertain before it undertook to conquer ten millions of a warlike race fighting for home, with thirty thousand unacclimated troops fifteen thousand miles from their base, viz: that "men from a Northern climate cannot retain their vigor in the Philippines beyond six or eight months." The evidence accumulates that we must either consider Mr. McKinley and his advisers hopeless idiots, or disloyal servants of the Union who desire a state of war.

A Victory Over the "Rebels."

Every now and then, in scanning the accounts of the war in Luzon, we come across pictures of a brave people fighting for liberty, which even the Russianized censor has failed to expunge. Such pictures were common in the news received at the outbreak of the war when the effect on the American people had not been thought of. Here is one which has just escaped the censor's eye:

"Sunday's fight at Calamba was a warm one. The insurgents were unwilling to abandon the place, which is the key to the lake road. General Hall, hearing that General Malbar was preparing to make an attack, sent Major Weisenberger with three companies of the twenty-first infantry, three troops of cavalry and one of Hamilton's guns to attack the insurgents. This detachment found a force of 100 rebels behind hastily made entrenchments. The rebels held their fire until the contingent of the Twenty-first regiment was within 300 yards, when they fired a volley. The Americans dropped in the high grass out of sight and returned the fire. Lieutenant Love, who was walking erect along the front of the men, was shot in the arm. An insurgent officer, equally brave, stood at the top of the trenches, directing the fire of the insurgents until he was killed, when the Phillippinos fled."

How the deed of the 100 Filipinos, with their brave leader who gave his life for home and country, will live in Filipino history! It is the same old story which we have read so frequently in the history of our own struggle for liberty a hundred and odd years ago—a handful of rebels hastily gathered, but finally driven off by superior numbers. Who could have dreamed before 1861 that the people of this "land of the free and home of the brave" would ever stand in such a relation to any other people?

Removal.

Mr. Duncan Rose has moved his printing office from the Ray building on Bow street to the office on Green street adjoining that of the OBSERVER, lately occupied by Mr. H. L. Cook. Under the name of "Rose's Printery," he will print and publish books, pamphlets, etc., and in addition will carry on a general job printing business.

The first edition of one thousand copies of Mr. Rose's novel, "Madeline," has been almost entirely sold and disposed of. He is preparing to get out a new edition, illustrated and bound in cloth, and also to publish another novel entitled "Captain Hatteras." This latter is a North Carolina historical novel, dealing with a very interesting epoch in the early history of our State, the scene being laid at Bath, on the Pamlico river, the first capital of the Colony, and at Ocracoke Inlet, the first Port of Entry, and upon the waters thereabout. It is a story of love and adventure by land and sea.

SIMPLE SENSE There is a right way to do all things. An expectant mother can easily realize, if she stops to think a moment, how dangerously wrong it is to swallow medicines when in her condition. She can see that the outside application of a liniment which softens and relaxes must certainly be the thing for her to use. Such a liniment is **MOTHER'S FRIEND** which she can depend upon doing her a world of good before and during labor. Send to us for our free illustrated book, "Before Baby is Born." Mother's Friend is sold in drug stores for $1 a bottle, or from THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

ACTS GENTLY ON THE
KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS
CLEANSES THE SYSTEM
DISPELS COLDS EFFECTUALLY
OVERCOMES HEADACHES & FEVERS
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION PERMANENTLY
TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS.
BUY THE GENUINE—MAN'F'D BY
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
LOUISVILLE, KY. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. NEW YORK, N.Y.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE 50c. PER BOTTLE.

The Death of Ingersoll.

From a recent Baltimore Sun.

Few men were better known by reputation in this land than Col. Robert G. Ingersoll, whose death is announced in The Sun this morning. He was known and admired as one of the most eloquent men living, as that term is generally understood. He was admired for his brilliant wit and his success as a lawyer and a public speaker, and he was beloved by thousands for his amiability, his liberality and his kindly heart and generous disposition. Death settles up all accounts as far as this world is concerned and men will prefer to remember that which was lovely in the man's character rather than his faults. How such a man, a man whose heart seemed to overflow with the milk of human kindness, should have used his great gifts in the systematic work of satirizing the faith of thousands of other people and seeking to deprive them of that hope which seems all that is left to preserve them from despair, it is hard to understand. That he did this for the sake of gain is not in keeping with the man's character, and he probably could have made more by devoting the time to his law practice. And yet it is said of him that while he was doing the best he could to break down the faith of others he let the faith of his own family alone. If Colonel Ingersoll had offered to the people something to take the place of the faith of which he sought to deprive them it would have been different. But in tearing down the structure of belief which rested upon the Bible he left a ruin. His criticisms of the Bible were of a superficial character and had been answered a thousand times. But his manner of speech was so attractive, his wit so keen that thousands and tens of thousands gathered to hear him, and his atheistic or agnostic views were sown broadcast through the land. "Nevertheless the foundation of God standeth sure." He has now gone to his own place and no longer sees through a glass, darkly. The mystery with him is solved. He has left a name linked with a thousand virtues and one great mistake. He could well have afforded to let the consciences of others alone.

Russian Official View of Peace Conference.

By cable to the Observer.

St. Petersburg, August 3.—The Official Messenger publishes a government communication reviewing the Peace Conference. It says that the results of the conference fully come up to the expectations of the government. That it was found necessary for the conference to postpone the definite settlement of the complicated question of the suspension of armaments until fully elucidated by the different governments. Nevertheless the lightening of military burdens is already admitted.

The labors of the conference will doubtless exercise an influence in regulating the customs of war and stopping cruelties. The various States have agreed to use all their resources in the maintainance of peace and the abolition of war. Now established that mediation, which hitherto depended on the good will of States interested can henceforward be offered by a third power on its own initiative.

One of the sensible remarks sometimes dropped by the Washington Post is the following, says the Norfolk Virginian-Pilot:

The valued Detroit Tribune has discovered that Mark Hanna is scheming to make Mr. Bryan the Democratic nominee. The Tribune should understand that Mr. Hanna is not the man to do any unnecessary scheming.

5,000 Indians on the Warpath—2,000 Americans in Danger.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Austin, Texas, August 4.—A despatch received last night from Casa Grand Chipuahua, Mexico, says that four merican miners have just arrived here from the upper Yaqui River country, driven out by marauding bands of Yaqui Indians. They state that probably two thousand American miners and prospectors scattered throughout the Yaqui country are in imminent danger, as the Indians are getting bolder and more desperate each day. It is estimated that five thousand Yaqui braves are on the warpath. It will take fully forty thousand Mexican troops to conquer them if they reach their former strongholds in the Sahaurian Range of mountains.

A diseased stomach surely undermines health. It dulls the brain, kills energy, destroys the nervous system, and predisposes to insanity and fatal diseases. All dyspeptic troubles are quickly cured by Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It has cured thousands of cases and is curing them every day. Its ingredients are such that it can't help curing. King Bros.

Must End the War, Says Senator Burrows.

Says a Washington telegram:

Senator Burrows, Republican, of Michigan, in an interview this afternoon, said:

"It is my judgment that if the war in the Philippines is still in progress next year, and the end is not then in sight, the situation will be to the disadvantage of the Republican party. The only hope for the party and the country, I might add, is in a speedy change in conditions in the Philippines. Unless the war in the Philippines speedily ends it will become an important political factor, and its continuance will make the outlook for Republican success uncertain, to say the least.

"If I could have had my way we would have simply taken a coaling station or a base of supplies in the Island of Luzon, we would not have paid a penny to Spain and we would have our foothold in the East without the sacrifice of life and money. I believe in finding new markets for our people, who are the greatest producers the world has known, and the Orient doubtless offers us a great opportunity. No one yet knows what possibilities are to be afforded by China, which seems now to be staggering to her fall. If there is to be a great development in that direction I certainly want the United States to have a share.

"At the same time we must not overlook the fact that we may run counter at any moment to England, France and Germany. I believe that England, now apparently so friendly, will strike at us the moment we cross her threshold. More than this, I say frankly that if our participation in the Eastern trade is to be purchased at the cost of an indefinite war in the Philippines we will pay a very large price for what we receive."

"How would you meet the present situation?"

"The President is acting wisely, in my opinion, in endeavoring to restore peace and order in the Philippines by sending an increased army to assist General Otis. It is to be sincerely hoped that the fresh troops will be able to establish the authority of the United States. We must remember, however, that although we have now been fighting some time, we have conquered a territory only about 50 miles to the north of Manilla and 15 miles to the south, a mere bagatelle compared with the immense area of the archipelago.

"If the additional troops sent to Gen. Otis cannot restore peace Congress will have to deal with the problem and ought to have, by December 1, some definite information upon which to act. For the present, I hope the President will continue in his effort to end the trouble, and that his efforts will be crowned with success. Victory for the Republican party next year will be made more certain by the success of our arms in the Philippines."

"You would not now abandon the Philippines?" suggested the reporter.

"I do not see how we can get away now," said the Senator. "We cannot surrender our ships to Aguinaldo and say to him that he can murder our soldiers. Now that we have commenced, the only thing we can do is to end the conflict as soon as possible. After that is done the question of the disposition of the islands or their permanent retention rests with the people and with Congress."

The Shamrock Sails for America.

By cable to the Observer.)

Greenock, Scotland, August 3rd.—America's cup challenger Shamrock sailed early this morning on her voyage across the sea escorted by Sir Thomas Lipton's steam yacht Erin. Every thing was shipshape and the departure was marked by an overwhelming demonstration by steam and sailing craft of all kinds which were gaily decorated and accompanied the Shamrock far out to sea.

Expert Advertising

It is said that one Chicago dry goods firm paid one Chicago paper $79,125 for advertising in one year and that it made its investments back many times over. A New York paper claims that there are several firms in that city which pay $100,000 each per year for advertising, adding that it had three patrons of its own whose expenditures in this direction equal or exceed this amount.

For Idiots Only.

Norfolk Virginian-Pilot.]

The Richmond Times desires to have a "currency discussion," as it calls it, or "currency convention," held at Richmond next October, open to all, with prominent speakers on both sides. The Times makes this suggestion, with a very confident and plausible air, as it were its own unsophisticated idea, inspired by a strong desire to have both sides fairly presented to the people; but it is part only of a well matured scheme of Hanna & Co. to get the ear of the whole South under the most favorable circumstances, but with no intention of permitting the same courtesies and opportunities to Democrats, Northern or Southern, to address strong goldite or Republican communities in the East and West.

The programme covers all the principal Southern and Western cities, and any sane person discovers at a glance that if these sections are to give hospitable receptions to the Republican campaigners, and furnish Democratic audiences for goldite speakers, with no corresponding favors from the other side in their special territory, it would be a bargain to catch idiots only.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Lockamp, Elston, Mo., write: "One Minute Cough Cure saved the life of our little boy when nearly dead with croup." King Bros.

Sour Stomach

"After I was induced to try CASCARETS, I will never be without them in the house. My liver was in a very bad shape, and my head ached and I had stomach trouble. Now, since taking Cascarets, I feel fine. My wife has also used them with beneficial results for sour stomach."
JOS. KNERLING, 1921 Congress St., St. Louis, Mo.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 318

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

A Memorial in Westminster Abbey to George Washington.

Arnold White, in Harper's Weekly.

The approach of the hundredth anniversary of George Washington's death is noticeable by the increased interest of Englishmen in the memory of the most distinguished American. Mr. Gladstone was accustomed to speak of George Washington as perhaps the most perfect figure in history. The better that his name and fame, character and career, are known and appreciated in England the better will be the good understanding between reasonable Englishmen and that portion of the American people who still adhere to the main lines of Washington's Americanism. Although George Washington never saw England, he was essentially English in character, and so clearly embodied the constitutional and liberal opinion on this side that before long a national memorial in or near Westminster Abbey will probably be an accomplished fact.

Bismarck's Iron Nerve

Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25c. at B. E. Sedberry & Son's drug store.

Try Allen's Foot Ease,

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it *to day*. Sold by all druggists, grocers, shoe stores and general storekeepers everywhere. Price 25c. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

You

need not lose flesh in summer if you use the proper means to prevent it. You think you can't take SCOTT'S EMULSION in hot weather, but you can take it and digest it as well in summer as in winter. It is not like the plain cod-liver oil, which is difficult to take at any time.

If you are losing flesh, you are losing ground and you need

Scott's Emulsion

and must have it to keep up your flesh and strength. If you have been taking it and prospering on it, don't fail to continue until you are thoroughly strong and well.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

EDWIN R. MacKETHAN,
Attorney and Counsellor,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

ISAAC A. MURCHISON. WILLIAM H. POPE
MURCHISON & POPE,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

DOCTOR D. G. MacKETHAN,
Physician and Surgeon,
Office N. E. Corner Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
June 30-d&w-tf

J. H. MARSH, M.D. J. F. HIGHSMITH, M D
Drs. MARSH & HIGHSMITH,
Offices, Market Square and Green Street, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

JNO. D. MacRAE, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office at Sedberry's Drug Store,
Fayetteville, N. C.

B. L. HUNTER, D.D.S. THOS. M. HUNTER D.D.S

DRS. HUNTER,
DENTISTS,
Northeast Corner Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C
April 29, 1880.

DR. G. B. PATTERSON. DR. J. S. BETTS
DRS. PATTESSON & BETTS,
DENTISTS.

OFFICE: Over Bank of Fayetteville,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Offer their services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.

THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....AUGUST 10, 1899

E. J HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

E. J. HALE, Jr., General Business Mang'r

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1900.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

"Where the gold Democrats are numerically weak they will profess to accept the platform, but will oppose every plan that is calculated to bring success to the platform."
—*William J. Bryan to National Committeeman C. S. Thomas, of Colorado.*

MISTAKEN JOURNALISM.

The great newspapers of the cities have become nuisances. In their strife to excel in what they suppose the public wants—literature by the pound or yard—they dump upon us nowadays twenty, thirty, forty, nay, sometimes sixty pages of closely printed matter. And such matter! All the filth of the scandals of the day, the publishing of which breeds new scandals, told with an amplitude of detail that suggests a bad bargain with the penny-a-liners who supply the accounts; column upon column of useless stuff that, if alluded to atall, would properly be condensed into a few lines—literally into a few lines.

What is the result? Not only are the public morals debauched, but, leaving the question of morals aside, the public's literary aspirations are repressed, its literary taste perverted, and the mind, which should be trained up to high things, debased by the daily contemplation of such frivolous details.

The journalist is the historian of the day, and his duties with reference to the events of the day are precisely the same as those of the writer whom we call a historian and who is the historian of an age or period. He should be a statesman as well as a historian; but that consideration is apart from our purpose, which is to consider only that portion of the journalist's duties which are concerned with the record of events.

What would be thought of Macaulay if he had given us ten times as many volumes as he has for a history of England, loading the extra 90 per cent., to the reader's confusion, with minute details of those transactions which he has described with such power because he has condensed them with such genius? In like manner, the journalist should present to the rational human beings who are supposed to be his readers an epitome of the daily happenings, and his success depends upon the skill with which he catches the spirit of the news. In the New York Sun, on the other hand, for example—a paper which is one of the most conservative and old-fashioned of the great journals of that city—there was printed at the time of Vance's death half a column upon the life of that great statesman; whereas three of its broad columns of fine type—equal to six or more of the long columns of the Weekly OBSERVER—were devoted to the details of the poisoning of a vicious elephant in the Park Menagerie.

If it be answered that it is not to be supposed that we can have Macaulays for journalists, the reply is that England finds them, eight pages making up the wonderful London Times, or Manchester Guardian, or Edinboro Scotsman, in whose noble columns the scholar finds specimens of English composition which are delightful to read, the statesman discussions of public affairs which are enlightening to study, and the man of science or of business the best of treatises on the things that concern him. Through all runs the evidence of intelligent condensation—with our "great" papers, only evidence of the contrary aim.

In other words, our metropolitan editors have abdicated their function, transferring the duty of historic eclecticism from their own shoulders to those of the busy reader. In America before the war, as in the rest of the world today, the reader was supposed to pay the newspaper editor for digesting and condensing the news so as to bring it within the compass of his intelligent consideration.

IMPORTANCE OF MANUFACTURES.

Fayetteville is on the eve, we hope and believe, of an important change in her commercial life as a result of the inauguration of the tobacco business, which will take place day after to-morrow when the new warehouse is opened. We have dwelt at length and repeatedly upon the advantages of such an addition to our business, but we must never lose sight of the importance of our growing manufacturing interests. We believe that our future is fixed as a large manufacturing centre, but we may hasten the coming of that fortunate condition by keeping in mind its advantages.

We have heretofore published statistics of the remarkable growth of Charlotte, our most progressive, if not our largest city, and of the relation of its manufacturing growth to its general progress. Yesterday's Atlanta Journal contains an article on the subject of the same kind. "Charlotte," says the Journal, "is one of the most prosperous and progressive cities of the south. Very few cities of its class in any part of the country have made such a substantial advance in the past ten years. Charlotte has been helped forward in no small degree by its newspapers which have industriously set forth the advantages of the city and proclaimed every new evidence of its forward march. A new edition of Sketches of Charlotte now on the press will make a very fine showing. There are twelve cotton mills in Charlotte, operating 70,000 spindles and 1,500 looms, in the manufacture of yarns, gray cloth, ginghams, towels, hosiery, webbing, batting, wadding, sash cord, clothes lines, plow lines, and fancy braided goods; five factories for the manufacture of clothing; four iron and machine shops; two oil mills; one fertilizer factory; two card clothing, reed and harness factories; five supply houses; four contracting, building and equipping houses and a shuttle block factory. The cottou mills and the allied industries of Charlotte give employment to 4,000 wage-earners, who support 10,500 people. The money paid out in wages and salaries amounts to $1,035,000 per year. The market value of Charlotte's yearly product of manufactured goods is $6,000,000."

Ponder and digest these facts, good friends.

LAWLESSNESS.

The strikes which come with such frequency at the North and often with such fatal results, are the subject of an article contributed by Ex-Senator Ingalls to the New York Journal, in the course of which he says:

"One of the most noteworthy and significant features of the situation is that these troubles are confined almost exclusively to the North. They seldom occur in the South. This immunity is due partly to the absence of the foreign element. Society is more homogeneous, and there is less inequality of conditions. Great fortunes are few. The burdens of life are less. The beneficence of the soil and sky deprives poverty of its hardships and diminishes the necessity for toil. Competition is more free, opportunity is less restricted. Trusts and combinations have not absorbed the resources and monopolized the activities of the people."

Our excellent goldite contemporary, the Baltimore Sun, reviews Mr. Ingalls's article at length. Referring to his tribute to the South's homogeneity of population and other advantages, it says:

This is an attractive picture, and in the main it is not too highly colored. The South has been singularly fortunate in its immunity from outbreaks which are every year becoming more frequent in the North, and which are fast leading the country to a crisis of extreme gravity. In Mr. Ingalls' opinion, the consequences of that crisis are certain to be immensely momentous.

Mr. Ingalls points out the significant fact that strikes are occurring at a time when the people of the United States are prosperous beyond precedent. "Strikes, lockouts, boycotts and disorder," he says, "are intelligible in times of panic and distress, of shrinkage and disaster, when wages fall and multitudes are out of employment." But that condition does not exist now. "The Treasury of the United States is congested, our exports are enormous, and all nations are our debtors. Money is so abundant and interest so low that the occupation of the miser and usurer is gone. The demand for labor has been constant and remunerative, but the discontent of the employed is more general, more desperate and more menacing than ever before in our history. It has apparently passed from the acute into the chronic stage, and from being casual has become permanent." From this pessimistic view of the situation Mr. Ingalls drifts into the conclusion that "the great gulf between employers and employes yawns wider and more inexorably every day. Until conditions change they can never be reconciled—one or the other must be subjugated or both must be destroyed. It is an ironical corallary to the brotherhood of man."

Mr. Ingalls cites recent labor disturbances in five States to show that the antagonism between employers and employed has reached the chronic stage. In Kansas City one of the great packing houses was compelled to close because the operatives abandoned their work, even after their demand had been conceded. In Buffalo the freight handlers struck, practically suspending shipments of grain and merchandise between the East and West. In Chicago all building operations were stopped by a strike of the Union bricklayers, entailing immense losses and causing great inconvenience to vast numbers who were in no manner implicated otherwise in the controversy. In Indiana Governor Mount had troops in readiness to disperse riotous laborers at the coal mines who were not satisfied with the methods and prices of the operators.

With the conditions which recently prevailed in Cleveland, Ohio, all newspaper readers are familiar. In Mr. Ingalls' opinion, "Paris in the days of the Commune was not worse that Cleveland during the street car strike." Cars were blown up with dynamite; obstructions were placed on the tracks; strands of barbed wire were stretched across the tracks at a convenient height to decapitate "scab" motormen; a boycott which paralyzed the trade and industries of the city was instituted. Cleveland for a time was practically in the hands of the heterogeneous mob until State troops were assembled and put to work doing police duty. In fact, a veritable reign of terror prevailed in a prosperous Northern city of 300,000 inhabitants, and normal conditions were restored only by a show of force.

"It is wrong to wreck cars with dynamite, to cut trolley lines, to destroy corporate propertyand subject the public to inconvenience," says Mr. Ingalls. "Such acts are crimes and deserve punishment, and if committed by combinations too powerful for the courts, should be summarily dealt with by the soldiers of the Republic." But, argues Mr. Ingalls, the law should be enforced with equal justice. "Did it ever occur to Governor Bushnell, of Ohio," he asks, "to call out the militia to suppress the trusts that have for so many years defied the laws of Ohio, successfully resisted the mandates of its courts and inflicted irreparable injury upon multitudes of its citizens? If a corporation bribes courts, laughs at justice, oppresses the weak and robs the helpless, let us put a plank against trusts in the next platform and ask for a contribu tion. We applaud Governor Mount, of Indiana, for having his troops ready to shoot rioters, but what about the Window Glass Trust that took the bread from the mouths of 5,000 innocent victims and doubled the price of glass that it might pay dividends upon $30,000,000 of fictitious capital?"

Mr. Ingalls takes a gloomy view of the situation, but it is scarcely as bad as he represents it. Two wrongs do not make a right. The extortions and oppression of trusts do not justify violence on the part of employes, indiscriminate boycotts or the destruction of property. It is the duty of the authorities, municipal, State and national, to preserve order and to put down mob rule. There is not now an "irreconcilable conflict" between labor and capital, and even if there should be in the future, it cannot be settled by the use of dynamite or a resort to force in any form. The workingmen—and the term applies to all wage-earners of every description—must find their remedy in peaceful methods. Our statutes represent the will of the people. If they are inadequate, if they give special privileges to one class at the expense of another, those who made them can in time repeal them. The only weapon the American wage-earner needs is the ballot. With that weapon he can adjust his grievances as far as the law can be applied to unjust conditions. Recourse to violence, however, will recoil upon the innocent as well as those who mistakenly appeal to it.

The Sun is entirely right in its condemnation of lawlessness and violence. The OBSERVER has ever been the advocate of law and order, for upon the promotion of that our liberty eventually rests. It has many times, in the past, taken its stand in behalf of law and order and against the effectuation of public objects by unlawful methods, when to take such a stand invited boycotting and even violence against it. But we shall ever stand thus for what is the bulwark of the weak in a Republic.

But why cannot our able contemporary see that the terrible forces which are arraying themselves in an antagonism that is destined, if not checked, to produce more direful results than those which ended in the French Revolution—why cannot our contemporary perceive that the only hope of the preservation of law and order lies in the triumph of the Democratic party? That is the only national and conservative party at the present day. It has duly set forth its tenets, all in accordance with the Constitution, our supreme law; and it behooves those who advocate law and order to array themselves under its banner—the banner of the party which seeks to enforce them by according equality of opportunity to all. As the Sun claims to belong to the Democratic party, let it set the example of obedience to law by obeying the Democratic law.

JUDGE MacRAE FOR DEAN OF THE UNIVERSITY LAW SCHOOL.

Sunday's Raleigh Post contained the following communication:

"It is a matter of public interest that the place of Dean of the University Law School, made vacant by the declination of Judge James E. Shepherd, should be filled by a thorough and able lawyer and an accomplished scholar. It is thought by his many friends that the Hon. James C. MacRae, ex Justice of the Supreme Court, by his long practice and experience at the bar and upon the bench, is peculiarly fitted for the position. While on the Supreme Court bench he made a reputation which is not limited by the boundaries of the State. Well known in every section of the State, he is everywhere respected as a learned jurist and a cultured gentleman. There is no doubt but that he would be a worthy successor of the lamented Manning and the distinguished Shepherd, and that his connection with the law school will greatly add to its popularity and usefulness."

We do not know whether Judge MacRae would accept the position which, as this correspondent of our contemporary justly says, he would so nobly adorn, but, if he can be induced to do so, the Trustees, in our humble opinion, would do the very best thing possible if they would offer it to him. The State needs a lawyer of the old school in such a position, who is nevertheless, like Judge MacRae, in the swim of up-to-date practice.

The proposition is a timely one, and Judge MacRae would make an ideal successor of the lamented Dr. Manning.

Besides Judge MacRae's eminent qualifications for the place, the success of the school would be greatly promoted by the prestige of his name. That he has been a Justice of our Supreme Court would play an important part in attracting students from beyond the borders of the State. We understand that it is the purpose of the Trustees to push the school to the very front rank of Southern Law Schools. In such an effort, the reputation of the "Dean" or head of the school will be of great consequence, and the judges of our highest court have long enjoyed exceptional respect in the other Southern States.

CURRENT COMMENT.

It is given out from Washington that there will be a pressing demand for more currency than exists for the movement of the Fall crops, and that the sub treasuries have been instructed to issue gold certificates in denominations of twenty dollars and over in exchange for deposits of gold coin. This is a concession of the advantage of an elastic currency. It is, however, an elasticity controlled from the centre. The marvelous dissemination of wealth in this country before 1861 resulted from a home-rule sort of elasticity—which the 10 per cent. tax on State banks has deprived us of.

A Fearful Blunder—American Gun Boat Shells a Defenceless Town.

By cable to the Observer:

Manila, August 8.—The Gunboat Napidan last week shelled Peate, on the Lake near Santa Cruse. The town was full of people encouraged to return by Lawton's expedition, having been assured that they would not be molested if they peaceably attended to business. Lieutenant Copp heard that the insurgents had re occupied the town, and steaming close to shore opened with six pounders without warning. The people seeing the boat approaching, fled to the hills, terrified, barely in time to escape. One child was killed, and many buildings were damaged. The American authorities express regret at the error.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers benefit permanently. They lend gentle assistance to nature, causing no pains or weakness, permanently curing constipation and liver ailments. King Bros.

How Are Your Kidneys?

Dr. Hobbs' Sparagus Pills cure all kidney ills. Sample free. Add. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N. Y.

Our Future Entanglements.

Unless we change our attitude toward the Philippines, there will be no end to the foreign entanglements in which we shall be enmeshed. It is evident that the governments of the old world, upon whose expensive hostilities we have been accustomed to look with complacency, are preparing to defend themselves against our intrusion into their domain.

A London Cable of Saturday says:

"Whatever fanciful reasons are offered for the visit of the French minister of foreign affairs, M. Del Casse to St. Petersburg, it is safe to assume it has reference to the present unsettled condition of European politics. The appearance of the United States as a world-power is primarily responsible for this disturbance, and there are repeated signs of latent friction between Germany and the United States, the latest being Admiral Dewey's alleged warlike statements, which give European statesmen cause for uneasiness and are regarded as the motive for Emperor William's overtures for a reapproachment with France. France is still smarting under the humiliation of the Fashoda affair and is inclined to meet Emperor William, if once convinced that the Russian alliance has no real value. The primary object of M. Del Casse, therefore, is to get public evidence that the alliance holds good by persuading the czar to visit the Paris exhibition of 1900 and also by personal contact with the Russian court and statesmen, to ascertain to what extent the alliance may be relied on."

A Berlin cable of the same date contains this:

"A large portion of the press this week called attention to the "enormous proposed increase" of the American navy. The Ost-Asiatisch Lloyd points out that America is now building forty-six war vessels and that the construction of twelve more were ordered during the last session of congress. This, it adds, in the near future will give a new complexion to the "far eastern" question. This article has been much commented upon and a number of papers in close relation with the government have begun a campaign in favor of another large increase in the German navy. Even the conservative Neueste Nachrichten, the organ of Dr. Miquel, the Prussian minister of finance, strongly insists that such an increase is necessary, unless Germany wishes to abdicate the influential position she has acquired in the east."

"Ineradicable Antipathy toward the Blacks."

Late telegrams from Berlin inform us that the influential National Zeitung thus refers to American comment on the troubles in San Domingo:

"We attach slight significance to these American press voices. For some time to come the American craving for activity will be satisfied with the solution of the Philippine question. In Hayti, doubtless the Americans would not be welcomed. Horrors committed by the United States almost daily against colored people will hardly tell in favor of an American protectorate with the Haytien negroes and mulattoes. Even in Cuba, the colored people have already received proofs of the ineradicable antipathy of the Americans toward the blacks."

That is the reputation which the seventy millions of people who comprise the great American Republic enjoy abroad. So far as the dominant part of the American people is concerned, that is the literal truth. By the dominant part we mean that portion which, thirty odd years ago, poured out millions of dollars and oceans of blood (mostly other people's dollars and blood) in the effort to convince the six millions of Southern whites that the blacks were better than they.

Governor Stone Gives the Goldbugs a Blow Between the Eyes.

A St. Louis telegram of Saturday's date says:

Last week The New York Herald published a purported synopsis of Governor Stone's views on party organization. The Herald credited the ex-governor with saying at Chicago that the democratic party should in 1900 make no alliance with other organizations.

Today Governor Stone, to answer at once a great number of inquiries from all over the country, gave out this statement:

"The Herald article of July 31st is inaccurate. Senator Tillman and I are credited with having declared in speeches before the national committee that we opposed any alliance between the democratic party and any other political organization, and it is stated in The Herald that this pronunciamento encountered opposition, but was finally carried. I do not know Senator Tillman's opinion on the subject mentioned, but I do know that neither he nor I made any reference to that subject before the committee, nor was it discussed in the committee. The Herald article is altogether inaccurate in that particular.

"The statement in The Herald that the resignations of Governor Altgeld and Senators Teller and Allen, as members of the advisory committee, were tendered and accepted is also inaccurate. No such resignations were tendered or accepted.

I do not object to saying in reply to The Herald's request that I believe that the sub committees which the national committee has authorized the chairman to appoint, should be composed of men chosen by and representing the party organization in the several states. In this I believe I voice the sentiment of the whole committee, including the chairman. This does not mean that we do not appreciate the good preliminary work which has been done by the auxiliary committees which have existed heretofore. But we are now come to that point where the work of the party organization must be taken on a large and more active scale and every member of the national committee must be got into harness.

"Possibly special occasion may arise in future for special auxiliary committees, but the regular and controlling committees, I have no doubt, will be made up of the members of the national committee."

Aguinaldo Appeals to the Powers for Recognition.

By cable to the Observer.

Manila, August 8th.—Aguinaldo has appealed to the powers for recognition of "Filipino independence." The document is dated at Tarlac, July 27th, signed by Buencamino. It has been received by all the foreign consuls at Manila, with the request that it be forwarded to their respective governments.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, August 7, 1899.

There is to be more whipping of the devil around the stump. That is the sum and substance of the semi-official leaking as to the intention of the administration in the Philippines. Gen. Otis is not to be either recalled or humiliated. Oh no! not for worlds! the administration has such absolute confidence in him, that it intends to let him sit in his office, at Manila, and worry over the ten-cent details of the Government of such portions of the Philippines, as recognize our authority. But another man is to be put in command of the army which is to do the fighting. That would be so thoroughly characteristic of the McKinley administration that it is generally accepted to be true of present intentions. Of course, those intentions, like many others have been, may be changed before being carried out. Statements differ as to the man who is to command the fighting branch of the Philippine army, some saying that it will be Lawton and others that it will be Miles. Gen. Miles has indicated to Secretary Root his willingness to take command of the Philippine campaign, but there are several reasons why he is not likely to go. The first and most important of which is the evident intention of the administration to leave the supreme command nominally in the hands of Gen. Otis. Gen. Miles could not serve under a subordinate officer.

The new Secretary of War has been asked to pass upon a question of law, but he has not said that he will do so, notwithstanding all the talk about that being what he was taken into the Cabinet to do. The question involved is whether the Secretary of War has a right to authorize officers who are his favorites, to draw specified sums, in addition their salary and regular allowances, to be used to "maintain the dignity of their positions." During Alger's recent visit to Cuba, he authorized Gen. Brooke to draw $7,500 a year in addition to his pay as major general; Gen. Ludlow, who made a break last week by suppressing a Cuban newspaper, $5,000 a year, in addition to his pay as a brigadier general; Col. Bliss, collector at Havana, $3,000 in addition to his salary as colonel, and Maj. Davis, sanitary officer of Havana, $2,500, in addition to his salary as major. Alger directed that these allowances be made from the Cuban revenue. Only favorites of Alger were authorized to draw this extra money, no such authority being given to Gen. Fitz Lee, Gen. Leonard Wood and other officers who would seem to have quite as much dignity to maintain as the officers on duty at Havana. It has been pointed out to Secretary Root that Section 1269 of the Revised Statutes, which fixes the pay of Army officers, contains this positive language: "No allowances shall be made to officers in addition to their pay except as hereinafter provided." The provisions referred to are for the care of officers' horses, the payment for quarters, and for travel pay, but there is no where a word about any allowance to "maintain dignity." It is very clear that Alger exceeded his legal authority in making these allowances, but whether Secretary Root will say so is a horse of quite another color.

Democrats hereabouts have paid very little attention to the attempt of a few anti-Bryan democrats in New Jersey, to start a boom for Hon. Grover Cleveland as the democratic candidate next year, simply because they know that it is not worth any attention. Even if Col. Bryan, the man whom ninety per cent of the democratic party wishes to see nominated again, were to die before the nominating convention met, Mr. Cleveland's name would not be seriously considered. He has received all the honors he will ever get from the national democracy, with which he was never really in sympathy upon more than two or three of its principles, and even those he has a way of interpreting to suit himself. Mr. Cleveland is an able man—one of the ablest who was ever President,—but so self-opinionated as to be unfit to lead a party in a country where every man is theoretically, at least, the peer of every other man. One autocrat is an ample sufficiency for the democracy for a long time to come. The last time Mr. Cleveland was nominated, it was not because he was the choice of the majority of the party, but because of the shrewdness of Hon. W. C. Whitney.

Against the advice of experts, Secretary Alger gave a contract, last year for twenty-five Brown segmental wire wound guns. They are now ready for delivery, but will not be accepted, because when tested, one of them blew out the breech and fractured its jacket, under less than the required pressure. If they had been ready for delivery before Alger went out, they would have probably been accepted and paid for.

Adulterated Flour.

Atlanta Journal.

It is said that while adulterated flour is sold in all parts of the country, that by far the larger portion of it is worked off on the South.

This is probably because the laws of the southern states are not so stringent against food adulterations as those of states in the north and west.

There is need of legislation on this subject in Georgia.

A merchant has a right to sell mixed flour, provided it contains no injurious element, but he has no right to sell a mixed article as pure flour and there should be a penalty for practising such a fraud upon the trade. The federal statute against food adulterations should be supplemented by state legislation. It is a notorious and a most discreditable fact to us as a nation that nowhere else in the world has the adulteration of food products been carried to such an extent as in the United States; nowhere has ingenuity been more industriously and successfully at work to deceive the purchaser of articles of diet. This well established reputation has worked great injury to our export trade.

It is admitted that the disgraceful disclosures of the embalmed beef investigation hurt our export meat trade, and there are other of our food exports which are regarded with suspicion in foreign markets.

In spite of legislation and inspection large quantities of adulterated flour are still sold.

Reports of experts which have been made recently in bulletins of various state agricultural experiment stations, show that a very large per cent. of ordinary food articles on sale are adulterated. Some of the adulterants are harmless, but many of them are unwholesome, and some of them absolutely dangerous.

He is a wise man in this country now-a days who knows what he is eating.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York

JESSUP SAYINGS.

JESSUP, N. C., Aug. 5, 1899.

Mr. E. L. Fry, of Carriesville, is visiting Mr. W. A. Wadsworth.

Rev. M. D. McNeill closed a very successful and interesting revival at White Hill Presbyterian church on Wednesday.

Mrs. G. McLeod, of Carthage, spent Tuesday and Wednesday the guest of Mr. James Cole.

Mr. J. L. Lewis, of Ackron, Ohio, is negotiating the purchase of a large tract of land in this community.

Mr. J. W. Craven, of Ore Hill, is visiting Mr. J. W. Underwood.

Mrs. Mary Ferguson, of Cameron, is visiting Mrs. Jennie Wadsworth.

Mrs. M. J. Stinston, of Richmond, is visiting Mr. O. H. Seawell.

The days are hot and the sun beats down on us with terrific force but all we old widowers feel that we could brave the heat of the Philippine campaign and follow General Otis wherescever he might lead, i. e., if we only thought that the girls' clubs of Kansas would pass resolutions like those offered Funston's men.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Williams, of Livingston, are visiting Mr. Benj. Tyson.

Miss Mary Morris, of Southern Pines, is visiting the family of Mr. B. D. Cavineas.

Mrs. Wm. Phillips who has been ill for several days is reported better.

Truly the great West is advancing. The Attorney-General of Colorado comes to the rescue by announcing that a lady may marry and not change her name. Such a change of custom would necessitate an increase of pension clerks.

We merely suggest that in the future it may be advisable for a young man to say something about the change of a name in making the preliminary arrangements of marriage. Otherwise he may be in a state of doubt as to rightful possession. DONTON.

Hope Mills Items.

Hope Mills, N. C., August 5, 1899.

The family of Mrs. Jennett McPhail extends thanks to friends and neighbors for kindness and many expressions of sympathy. Her son, W. C. McPhail, on account of an accident did not reach here until 9:30 p. m., too late for the funeral.

The communication of Aug. 4 should have been dated August 3.

The engine on the Atlantic & Western having been out of repair a few days and the bad condition of the track, has caused freight to pile up. It will take some time to catch up. The owners of this road should provide better facilities for moving freight. The line of the Atlantic & Western from Southern Pines is now being located as far down as Long Street Church. It is hard to find out whether the road will be built to Fayetteville or Hope Mills.

Mr. S. H. Cotton, with his usual energy, is pushing forward the building of his house.

Hope Mills, N. C., August 7, 1899.

Mr. Stephen Vaughn who has been in declining health for over twelve months died Saturday. He will be buried at the Cumberland Mills graveyard today at 10 o'clock.

On account of being engaged in a meeting of days at Parkton, Rev. J. N. Tolar did not fill his regular appointment the fourth Sunday in July at the Baptist church. He preached Sunday morning and evening to good congregations.

Mr. J. A. Johnson who is in charge of Mr. T. J. Gardner's mercantile and naval store business at Antioch, was in Hope Mills this morning.

Mr. J. L. Stewart building contractor, who has been in Georgia for some time came on the 10:42 train yesterday. He will spend a few weeks with his family and return this fall.

After considerable delay the A. C. L. R. R. has at last moved its depot house to the new location near Bluff Crossing on Scotch street. It will soon be ready to occupy. The C. F. depot is also to be moved to the new location. When completed the depot will be amply large to hold the freight of four cotton mills and ten or twelve stores.

Items from Autryville and Surrounding Community.

Autryville, N. C., Aug. 7, 1899.

Mr. J. D. Tyndall went up to Greensboro to the Firemen's Tournament last week.

Mr. J. P. Owens, of Hives, visited our section a few days ago.

Mrs. Marsh Bullard, of Margarettsville, has been visiting relatives in Autryville and surrounding community for the past few days.

Mr. A. M. Autry, of Stedman, is teaching a subscription school in the public school house, of district No. 6, of Cedar Creek township.

Mr. J. B. Bedsole has cured two barns of tobacco and has another almost ready.

Mr. M. Hall of Beaver Dam, paid to his son, Mr. R. L. Hall, of Cedar Creek, a visit last week.

Messrs. J. L. Bedsole and W. T. Riley are in Fayetteville this week assisting Mr. James Hall in doing some carpenter's work.

The weather is very hot; the thermometer registered from ninety-five to one hundred in the shade.

Mr. Parker of Benson, was in this section threshing the farmers' wheat for them a few days ago, and some of them fell far behind their expectation in the yield per acre. BUCK.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers expel from the system all poisonous accumulations, regulate the stomach, bowels and liver, and purify the blood. They drive away disease, dissipate melancholy, and give health and vigor for the daily routine. Do not gripe or sicken. King Bros.

ECZEMA

Itching, Burning Skin, Scales, Sores, Pimples, Red and Raw Skin, and Eruptions that Burn and Itch.

Caused by Bad Condition of the Blood. Cured by Botanic Blood Balm (B.B.B.).

Sample Bottle sent Free.

If you have tried doctors, salves, washes, external and internal remedies, and still have Eczema, Tetter, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, then B.B.B. will cure you by literally driving the bad poisoned blood out of the body, bones, and entire system, and this is the only perfect cure. Other remedies fail to cure because they never reach the bad blood out. B.B.B. is an internal powerful blood remedy that is meant to, and does, cure after all else fails.

HAVE YOU itching, burning, scaly, crusted, or pimply skin, blisters containing pus or watery fluid, skin red, and an itching heat, with or without sores, on legs, arms, hands, neck, or face? Then take B.B.B. which will cure you, leaving the flesh free from blemishes, sores, or itching of any kind.

Chronic Eczema is a severe form of skin inflammation, with great redness and a raw surface. It may last for years with intervals of partial recovery, but easily returning. It often attacks the ears and neck. We have seen the ears burnt and crisped as a piece of roast meat, and the whole side of the neck a surface of raw, inflamed flesh, pitiable to behold. We know of six cases like this cured by B.B.B. during the past year (1899).

Any form of Eczema is due to diseased blood. Get the diseased blood out with B.B.B., and you are cured. B.B.B. is perfectly safe to take by old or young, and acts as a fine tonic.

Eczema on Children. When teething, children are very frequently afflicted with Eczema. Sores discharge, and a yellow crust forms upon the skin. Give the child mild doses of B.B.B., and the sores will soon heal.

Sample Bottle Free. Send 2 stamps for free sample bottle, and book. B.B.B. for sale everywhere. Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

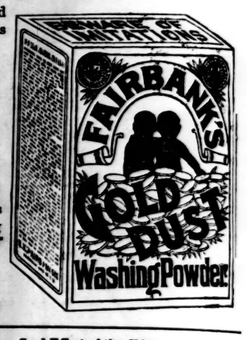
Beware of Imitations!

Consumers should beware of the cheap and inferior washing powders said to be just as good as

GOLD DUST Washing Powder

They are not—there is nothing so good as the genuine **GOLD DUST** for all cleaning about the house. Ask for **GOLD DUST** and insist on getting it. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago St. Louis New York Boston



Triumph of the Chicago Platform—Attitude of the Goldites.

Atlanta Constitution.

One of the notable signs of the trend of political events is the attitude of the gold organs, and gold democrats generally, toward the Chicago platform. There are still left a few of the recalcitrants who swear they will never vote for any man nominated on the Chicago platform, but the majority of those former democrats who openly opposed Bryan in 1896, and almost all the leading men who represent that very respectable element which, though opposed to the platform declarations before they were made supported the nominee loyally, have come to agree that the Chicago platform shall be reaffirmed, and that it is best this should be done.

This sentiment finds indorsement, if not open expression, in almost all of the newspapers regarded as "gold democratic." Of those who have changed some have had their eyes opened to the real meaning of the platform, and are now believers in its declarations, though they were doubters before; the change in others may be traced to the belief that as a matter of policy entirely outside of the principles involved, it will be best to reaffirm the Chicago platform.

They have come to realize that while they may dissent from some of the planks, it will be better as a matter of party policy to stick to the platform rather than make changes even in those planks. For the party to desert the platform would, they see, bring about the immediate resurrection of the populist corpse in the democratic states, and would give the party all kinds of trouble without bringing any adequate reform from anywhere. Looking at the matter in this purely cold-blooded political light, those gold men who on all other questions are democrats, and who would prefer to see the party in power rather than to have the republicans administering the affairs of government, will be found acquiescing in, if not openly favoring, the indorsement of the Chicago platform. Not that they could change it, no matter how hard they fought; but they want the party to win, and they realize that its only chance is on the Chicago platform. As for the money question, they console themselves that the senate is strongly republican, and that this majority will probably stand in the way of an unlimited-coinage-of-silver bill for some years; and banking on that state of affairs they are not opposing the platform, and will not.

It is as certain as anything politica. can be that the next national convention will reaffirm the platform, making only such additions as may be necessary to meet the new issues that have arisen.

Lumber Bridge Locals.

Mr. Neill McKinnon, of Wilmington, came Monday and spent a day or two with his children.

J. A. Currie, D. C. Currie and J. L. Shaw report a pleasant trip on the boat excursion to Wilmington.

Rev. P. R. Law, Misses Mary and Lida Law, and Miss Maggie McEachern are all much pleased with Mt. Vernon Springs.

Mrs. S. J. McLeod and her daughter, Miss Lulu McLeod, left for Florence Tuesday evening in response to a telegram stating that Mrs. Dr. Frank McLeod died suddenly Monday night. Mrs. McLeod's accomplishments and bright genial disposition made for her friends wherever she was known and the announcement of her death will bring sadness to many readers of the OBSERVER.

Rev. W. C. Buchanan, recently returned from Japan, will deliver an address in the Presbyterian Church here Saturday at 11 a. m., Aug. 12th. Sunday morning (13th) he goes to Big Rockfish, in the evening to Hope Mills.

The days of the centennial at St. Paul's are Wednesday and Thursday, Aug. 16th and 17th.

A protracted meeting conducted by Rev. J. D. Moore, assisted by Rev. James Smith, beginning the second Sunday in August.

The teachers and students will be here in a few weeks to be present at the opening of the Lumber Bridge Academy Wednesday, Sept. 6th. Many of the old students will be back and expect to bring new students with them.

Red Springs Notes.

Red Springs, N. C., Aug. 8, '99.

Daniel Brown was arrested about 2 o'clock this morning and put in the guard house here by the Town Constable, J. H. Hubbard, who was sent for because Sarah McKay was killed two miles from here, and though Brown says she killed herself, he is supposed to be guilty of murdering her. Both colored.

It is reported that John Monroe has been captured at Portsmouth, Va.

D. R. M.

Good Effect of the Chicago Platform.

Atlanta Constitution.

There is no particular news in the fact telegraphed from St. Louis that Governor Stone says there will be no fusion of the silver organizations, but that the democrats intend to keep their party organization distinct. The advisory committee with representatives of the populist and silver republican parties on it has been dissolved and its successor will be a committee of democrats.

This does not mean that there is not to be co-operation between the parties wherever there are any of such parties worthy the name. The fact is, however, that save in a few states there is no populist and no silver republican parties and this action dissolving the joint committee simply recognizes the conditions as they exist.

The certainty that the democrats will reaffirm the Chicago platform has brought back to democratic ranks all those who left the party from fear that under eastern domination the party would do nothing in the way of genuine democratic reforms. The campaign of 1896, with its magnificent platform of democratic principles, served to convince most of these that the party had been redeemed, but there were some doubters. The developments since then, showing, as they have, that the Chicago platform was not merely a trap to draw voters, but that the men who made it believed its declarations, have resulted in almost all the democrats who went into the populist party coming back.

The result is there is no populist party. Of course if the democratic party were to give any indications of retreating from the Chicago declarations the result would be the immediate revivication of the populist corpse, but so long as there is no possibility of that, there is no populist party to consider; hence no fusion of organizations.

Dewey Accepts.

By telegraph to the Observer.

New York, August 5.—Mayor Van Wyck received a letter from Admiral Dewey today accepting the invitation to be the guest of the city. He says that he will cable from Gibraltar the date of his arrival.

LEMONS AS MEDICINE.

They regulate the Liver, Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys and Blood as prepared by Dr. H. Mosley, in his Lemon Elixir, a pleasant lemon drink. It cures biliousness, constipation, indigestion, headache, malaria, kidney disease, fever, chills, heart failure, nervous prostration, and all other diseases caused by a torpid or diseased liver and kidneys. It is an established fact that lemons, when combined properly with other liver tonics, produce the most desirable results upon the stomach, liver bowels, kidneys and blood. Sold by drug gists. 50c. and $1 bottle.

Mosley's Lemon Elixir

Cured me of sick and nervous headache, I had been subject to all my life.
MRS. N. A. MCENTIRE.
Spring Place, Ga.

Mosley's Lemon Elixir

Cured me of indigestion and nervous prostration. I got more relief, and at once, from Lemon Elixir than all other medicines.
J. C. SPEIGHTS.
Indian Springs, Ga.

Mosley's Lemon Elixir

Cured me of a long standing case of chills and fever, by using two bottles.
J. C. STANLEY.
Engineer E. T. Va. & Ga. R. R.

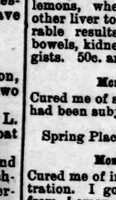
Mosley's Lemon Elixir

Cured me of a case of heart disease and indigestion of four years standing. I tried a dozen different medicines. None but Lemon Elixir done me any good.
TULES DIEHL.
Cor. Habersham and St. Thomas Sts.
Savannah, Ga.

Mosley's Lemon Elixir.

I fully indorse it for nervous prostration, headache, indigestion and constipation, having used it with most satisfactory results, after all other remedies had failed.
J. W. ROLLO.
West End, Atlanta, Ga.
dly sat & wkly

$2.75 BOX RAIN COAT.



REGULAR $5.00 WATERPROOF MACKINTOSH FOR $2.75.

Send no Money. Cut this ad. out and send to us, state your Height and Weight, state number of inches around body at Breast taken over vest under coat close up under arms, and we will send you this coat by express C.O.D., subject to examination; examine and try it on at your nearest express office and if found exactly as represented and the most wonderful value you ever saw or heard of and equal to any coat you can buy for $5.00, pay the express agent

THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., AUG. 10, 1899

We desire a live agent and correspondent at every postoffice in Cumberland and adjoining counties.

Correspondence on all subjects of local and general interest and opinions upon matters public of concern, are invited

The editor will not be responsible for the views or statements of correspondents—and reserves the right at all times to revise or correct any article he may think requires it.

Correspondence for the Weekly Observer should reach the office not later than Monday.

One side, only, of the paper must be written on—and the real name of the writer accompany the contribution. No attention will be paid to anonymous letters.

☞The date on your label tells you when your subscription expires. Receipts for money on subscription will be given in change of date on label. If not properly changed in two weeks notify us.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Joseph A. Barnes—Land Sale.
O. K. Nimocks—Horse for Sale.
W. S. Cook, Manager—Excursion Rates:
President Geo. T. Winston—The N. C. Collage of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts.

Sudden Death of a Well Known Hotel Porter.

Saturday afternoon, Charlie Hall, the well known porter of the Hotel LaFayette, died very suddenly. He left the hotel complaining of being unwell only an hour before he died. Charlie Hall was probably one of the best known as well as one of the most faithful hotel porters in the State, having been porter in the famous Overbaugh House for a great number of years, and until its close, when he went to the LaFayette.

I. O. O. F.

The following are the officers of Pine Encampment No. 3, for this term:

W. D. Gaster, C. P.
J. M. Lamb, A. P.
W. J. McCraney, S. W.
H. B. Everett, J. W.
J. Hollingsworth, Scribe and Tr.
W. D. Gaster Representative to Grand Encampment and J. M. Lamb, alternate.

The Grand Encampment meets in its annual session next Wednesday the 9th, at Charlotte, N. C.

This branch of the order has made considerable gain under the management of Mr. B. C. Gorham the Chief Patriarch for the last year.

The Encampment here is in good condition, numbering twenty two members.

The regular meetings are every 2nd and 4th Friday evenings in each month.

The False Arrest Case Non-Suited.

Hon. Geo. M. Rose, attorney for the A. C. L., returned Saturday evening from Oxford, where he spent last week in attendance upon Granville court.

The case of Sam Owen and John Hayes vs. the A. C. L. for aiding in their false arrest in this city on a charge of murder, was thrown out of court by Judge Brown, who said that it was not to be expected of a railroad conductor to shield from arrest suspects on his train, against a sheriff's posse of eight deputies. The plaintiffs appealed. One of the three original plaintiffs, Carey Hicks, died since the suit was instituted.

All of the three great railway systems of the State, the A. C. L., S. A. L., and Southern, had cases for trial at this court, and the court was taken up almost entirely with railroad cases.

The Late Mr. E. D. Page.

The funeral services over the remains of the late Mr. Edward D. Page were held at the residence on Maiden Lane Saturday at 11:15 o'clock, Rev. W. L. Cuninggim officiating, assisted by Rev. C. A. G. Thomas. The services, which were attended by a large number of friends of the deceased, were impressive, the closing prayer by the pastor being an eloquent and touching one.

After the services the remains were taken to the north-bound A. C. L. train for transmission to Smithfield, where the interment took place that afternoon.

The pall-bearers to the train were: Dr. J. V. McGougan, Messrs. H. M. Pemberton, J. McD. Monaghan, J. T. Gaster, J. E. Young, W. F. Dasch, D. T. Oates, R. B. King.

Though not unexpected, the death of this young man has caused universal sorrow through this community, in which he had made so many warm friends, and during his last illness their abundant kindness has been a balm to his sufferings. It is also a consolation to know that he died a Godly death with a spirit of Christian resignation, turning his face at the last moment towards his sister and smiling a bright good-bye.

The deceased, who was in his 26th year, was always ready to lend his talents for any charitable purpose, and on more than one occasion he has been the leading spirit in amateur performances for various charitable institutions. He was a member and at one time secretary of the Fayetteville Junior Order of American Mechanics and this order attended the funeral services in a body.

A Brilliant Comet.

A great number of our citizens who did not see the source were startled by a sudden and brilliant light about 10:30 last night. Those who were fortunate enough to be abroad at that hour saw a great bright blue object shoot out of the eastern sky, leaving behind it a snake like streak of brilliancy, drop a distance and, with a tremendous puff of light, disappear like unto a great explosion of powder.

If it was a comet, it is said that it will likely reappear to-night.

Thomas Rhoads, Centerfield, O., writes: "I suffered from piles seven or eight years. No remedy gave me relief until DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, less than a box of which permanently cured me." Soothing, healing, perfectly harmless. Beware of counterfeits. King Bros.

DEATH OF CAPT. NEILL W. RAY.

A Noble Soldier of the Confederacy and a Leading Citizen Passes Away.

From Monday's Daily.]

The community was startled by the announcement of the death of Capt. Neill W. Ray, which occurred at his residence on Green street at 12:05 o'clock to-day.

Capt. Ray has not been in robust health for several years past. Indeed, it has always been a matter of astonishment to those who happened to know of his sufferings from his wound that he has been able to accomplish so much in life; but, up to a couple of years ago, there was no outward sign of that drain upon the system which arduous service in the great war, to say nothing of severe wounds, has almost invariably entailed upon those who did loyal service in it.

Captain and Mrs. Ray and their young son, Donald, only recently returned from a trip of several weeks, going as far North as Toronto, and he seemed greatly freshened up by it. Week before last, he was forced to keep his room from a feeling of general weakness. In the last few days his condition had so much improved that it was determined yesterday, if he should pass a good night, to take him to Morganton to-day for a change of air. He did not have a good night, however, and the trip was postponed. About 12 o'clock, he was sitting in an easy chair and Mrs. Ray was standing beside him. He complained of oppression on the chest. In a moment, he breathed heavily and was dead. He has frequently complained of his breathing, and death was, no doubt, due to heart failure.

As will be seen by the notices elsewhere, the Mayor has called a public meeting at the Town Hall for to-morrow at 10 o'clock, and the Commander of our Camp of United Confederate Veterans has called a meeting of the Camp at the same place immediately upon the adjournment of the Town meeting.

Neill W. Ray was born at Argyle, in this county, in August, 1839, and was the son of the late William Ray and his wife Margaret, who was a daughter of Neill McLaughlin. Both the grandfathers of Capt. Ray came to North Carolina from Scotland about a century ago. He was educated at Longstreet academy and at the North Carolina Military Institute at Charlotte, leaving the latter before his studies were completed, to enter the Confederate service. He enlisted for the war in May, 1861, in the company of Capt. S. McDowell Tate, which became Company D, of the Sixth regiment of State Troops, of which Capt. Tate afterwards became Colonel. He was made at the outset second lieutenant of his company, and was promoted to first lieutenant in 1862 and to captain in 1863.

With his regiment he joined the army of Gen. J. E. Johnston at Winchester, Virginia, early in July, and participated in the famous service of that regiment at the battle of First Manassas. In 1862 and 1863 he bore a gallant part in all the great battles fought by the army of Northern Virginia. At Gettysburg, he was with his regiment as part of the attacking column which charged and captured Cemetery heights on the evening of July 2nd, 1863, and held it until orders to fall back were given. Captain Ray always held that failure to support that attack and capture of Cemetery hill was the turning point at the battle of Gettysburg. He has told with what great reluctance the men of the Sixth fell back, complaining of having to leave a position that was so dearly won; and with pride for his regiment he has pointed to the monuments erected on Cemetery heights by the Federal soldiers who defended it that night, as evidence of the desperate encounter.

At Bethesda Church, May 30, 1864, when Grant's army was making a desperate effort to reach Richmond, Captain Ray's left ankle was badly shattered, and it was deemed necessary to perform an amputation, which put an end to his military career.

In 1865, he was elected clerk of the superior court of this county. While holding this office, he read law, so that when, at the end of his term of two years, he was defeated under the Canby election, so-called, he was able to obtain license for the practice of the law, in which profession he obtained abundant honors and substantial success.

From 1890 to 1893 he was Mayor of Fayetteville. In 1896 he contributed to our war annals a highly interesting and authoritative history of the Sixth regiment, which is on file in the war department at Washington, and also at Richmond and in several of the public or college libraries in North Carolina and Virginia. While at Gettysburg, on his recent trip, above referred to, he was treated with the greatest distinction by the Gettysburg Government Commissioners, who placed a carriage at his disposal during all of his visit and otherwise honored him.

In 1878, Captain Ray was married to Laura, daughter of the late Robert C. Pearson, Esquire, of Morganton. This lady and their child, Donald, survive him.

Peace to his ashes!

NOTICE.

There will be a meeting of Camp 852 United Confederate Veterans at the Town Hall immediately upon the adjournment of the public meeting tomorrow, to take action upon the death of Captain Ray an honored member of this camp.

E. J. HALE, Commander.
J. N. PRIOR, Adjutant.

THE BEST PRESCRIPTION FOR CHILLS

and fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. Never fails to cure, then why experiment with worthless imitations? Price 50 cents. Your money back if it fails to cure.

Rev. J. M. Yingling, pastor of the Bedford Street Methodist church at Cumberland, Md., says: "It affords me much pleasure to recommend Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy. I have used it and know others who have done so. I have never known it to fail. It is a sure cure when taken in time. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

IN MEMORY OF THE LATE CAPT. RAY.

A Public Meeting, Meeting of Confederate Veterans and Meeting of the Bar.

A fine body of the representative citizens of Fayetteville assembled in the City Hall Tuesday at 10 o'clock, in response to Mayor Cook's official request, to pay tribute to the memory of the late Capt. N. W. Ray. Col. Cook called the meeting to order, and Mr. L. B. Hale was requested to act as secretary.

On motion the Chairman appointed Col. Chas. Haigh and Messrs. H. R. Horne and W. L. Hawley a committee to draft suitable resolutions.

While the committee was out Messrs. J. M. Lamb and G. M. Rose paid short but eloquent tributes to the deceased, the latter remarking that at some future time he would pay a more extended, and a more fitting eulogy to his dead friend.

The committee then reported the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Whereas it has pleased God to take from us one of our foremost citizens, Captain Neill W. Ray, sometime Mayor of this city, we the citizens of Fayetteville in public meeting assembled do resolve:

That in the death of Captain Ray this community has suffered a great loss in its business, professional and social life.

That we look with pride upon his splendid record as a soldier in the war between the States, and that we recall with admiration the many sturdy virtues with which he combatted the difficulties of life; the uncomplaining manner in which his brave spirit pitted his suffering body, sorely stricken in the military service of his State, against all comers; the modesty with which he ever bore himself after fortune had blessed his efforts with a reward beyond many of his fellows; the public spirit which lead him to open his purse to every local undertaking likely to build up the community in which he lived; his many kind and charitable acts; his loyalty to his friends; his singular devotion to his family; his unscathed walk in life; and his unostentatious piety.

That a page be set apart in the Book of Records of the city and a copy of these resolutions be inscribed thereon; that a copy be presented to each of the courts held in the county, and that a copy, suitably engrossed, be transmitted to the widow of the deceased.

CHAS. HAIGH,
H. R. HORNE,
W. L. HAWLEY.

A resolution was passed requesting the Mayor, Board of Aldermen and Board of Audit and Finance to attend the funeral in a body; that the City Hall bell be tolled at the hour of the services, and that the merchants of the city be requested to close their stores at the same time.

MEETING OF VETERANS.

Immediately upon the adjournment of the public meeting, the Confederate Veterans of Fayetteville Camp No. 852 met to take suitable action concerning the death of their comrade, Capt. Neill W. Ray.

Lieut. Commander Chas. Haigh presided and Adjutant J. N. Prior acted as secretary.

It was resolved that the Camp attend the funeral in a body. The following committee was appointed to draft resolutions: Geo. M. Rose, A. B. Williams and J. B. Smith. The Camp adjourned to meet at the City Hall at 5:30 o'clock.

MEETING OF THE BAR.

Pursuant to the call of Hon. R. P. Buxton, the members of the Fayetteville Bar met at 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon to take suitable action upon the death of Capt N. W. Ray. Judge Buxton presided and H. L. Cook, Esq., acted as Secretary. The following resolution was adopted:

"Resolved, That as a mark of our respect and esteem for the memory of our deceased brother, Capt. N. W. Ray, the members of the Fayetteville Bar attend the funeral in a body.

That as a further mark of our high regard for the deceased, a committee of three be appointed to draft suitable resolutions expressing our deep sympathy with the family of the deceased and of the great loss to the profession, and to present them at the next term of court, when memorial exercises will be held."

Under the above resolution Judge Buxton appointed the following committee: Col. C. W. Broadfoot, Chairman, H. McD. Robinson and H. L. Cook.

By unanimous request Judge Buxton was requested to act with the committee, and was added thereto.

The members of the profession gave expression to their deep regret at the loss of their esteemed brother, and the memorial exercises will pay sincere tribute to his memory.

Accident to the Steamer Hurt.

When the steamer Hurt reached Old Ferry, about ten miles from Fayetteville, Monday afternoon on her trip to Wilmington, a slight crack was discovered in her boiler, and Capt. Jas. Smith, who is in temporary command, deemed it advisable to tie up until the repair could be made. Consequently the twenty odd passengers were returned to Fayetteville through the country in private conveyances, reaching this city shortly before sundown. Capt. Smith, who is himself an expert machinest, is superintending the work of putting the boiler in order, which is being done speedily, so as to enable the Hurt to leave here Thursday on her regular schedule.

"What might have been"—If that little cough hadn't been neglected—is the sad reflection of thousands of consumptives One Minute Cough Cure cures coughs and colds. King Bros.

During the civil war, as well as in our late war with Spain, diarrhœa was one of the most troublesome diseases the army had to contend with. In many instances it became chronic and the old soldiers still suffer from it. Mr. David Taylor of Wind Ridge, Greene Co., Pa., is one of these. He uses Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy and says he never found anything that would give him such quick relief. It is for sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

Funeral of Capt. Ray.

Notwithstanding the rain, a large concourse attended the funeral of the late Capt. Neill W. Ray, attesting the deep respect which was felt for his memory. The Board of Aldermen, headed by the Mayor, the Cumberland Camp of United Confederate Veterans headed by Lieut Commander Chas. Haigh, and the Cumberland Bar headed by the Doyen, Judge Buxton, attended in their several bodies.

The services were held at the Presbyterian Church, and were most impressively conducted by the Rev. David Fairley, assisted by the Rev. J. L. Yandle. The music, under the direction of Mrs. Robeson, was very beautiful. At the grave Mr. Fairley delivered a reverent and impressive prayer. The grave itself was literally covered with elegant floral offerings, the tribute of the deceased's many friends from far and near. The most beautiful was the reproduction of a Confederate Battle Flag on a field of exquisite flowers, the tribute of the widow of Capt. Ray's old Colonel, the late Colonel Samuel McDowell Tate of Gettysburg fame.

Thus were the last sad rites for the departed soldier and citizen performed decently and in order.

The pall-bearers were:

Honorary: Messrs. I. B. Hawley, W. J. Green, E. J. Hale and J. W. McLauchlin.

Active: Messrs. T. M. Hunter, H. McD. Robinson, T. J. Whitted, A. E. Rankin, J. H. Marsh, C. W. Broadfoot H. R. Horne and Edward Smith.

Veterans in Camp—Eloquent Speech by Hon. Dan Hugh McLean.

From Yesterday's Daily.

The Confederate Veterans' Association of Cumberland county, pitched their tents on the Fair Grounds this morning for two days encampment. At noon Hon. D. H. McLean delivered an eloquent oration, which we will probably reproduce tomorrow; at one o'clock the Veterans sat down to a sumptuous dinner, and at 2:30 the organization was called to order by the President Col. J. B. Starr. Col. Starr declined a re-election and Major A. A. McKethan was elected for the ensuing year. Capt. J. B. Smith was elected vice-president for Cross Creek and Mr. A. D. McGill was re-elected secretary. Other proceedings and details we will publish tomorrow.

A Miraculous Escape.

Saturday night Mr. Wm. Davis hired a team from Mr. Lambeth to take him to his home near McNatts. The driver, Sidney Williams, lost his way on the old Wire road, as many others have done before him, and while floundering around in the dark, drove over the embankment only a few yards from the bridge which crosses the A. C. L. track, half way between here and Hope Mills. Over and over rolled horse, hack and two occupants until all landed in a heap on the track forty feet below. The horse was the first on its feet, then followed the two men, both crawling out practically uninjured from the wreckage of the vehicle.

The two men footed it back to town, leading the horse, none the worse for their fearful fall.

Robbers Not Satisfied.

Tuesday night about 11:30 persons sitting in front of the Hotel LaFayette heard a loud report not a great distance off like the violent slamming to of a door. No attention was paid to it however further than some one getting up and walking in the direction of the noise, then coming back with the remark that "it was probably nothing out of the way." This morning it was discovered that some one had pried open the front door of Watson's Hardware Store, but there was no sign that any one had entered.

No doubt this was the noise heard at the hotel, and the robber or robbers were frightened away when they saw the person get up from his seat and walk in their direction.

This is the second entrance made into this store within a week, the first time the thieves being more successful.

Tobacco at Wilson.

Some time ago, when the OBSERVER stated that the sales of tobacco at Wilson last year brought one million and a quarter of dollars, some one suggested that we had got dollars and pounds mixed, and that it was a million and a quarter of *pounds* which had been sold there in 1898. But we were right, it was $1,250,000 which the tobacco marketed there sold for.

Yesterday's Raleigh News and Observer contains this item:

"Mr. C. C. Daniels, of Wilson, Principal Clerk of the Senate, is in the city. He says that the tobacco sales in Wilson this season have already broken all records and the prospects are they will sell 15,000,000 pounds."

The 15,000,000 pounds will probably fetch $1,350,000 to $1,500,000.

Red Springs Items.

Red Springs, N. C., Aug. 9, 1899.

The coroner's jury found Daniel Brown guilty of murdering Sarah McKay Monday evening at 7 o'clock and he was carried to jail today. His brother came up and while prying around the guardhouse was looked up for carrying a concealed weapon and was carried to jail for failure to give bond.

Telegrams were received here yesterday from Concord asking if Charles Monroe is wanted and if any reward is offered, and stating he is held in Concord jail. He is a brother of the notorious John Monroe.

Through the Tobacco Country.

Bookkeeper E. L. Pemberton and Auctioneer Daily of the Planters Warehouse returned yesterday from a five days' trip through the tobacco belt of Bladen and Robeson. They report a great deal of tobacco grown in these counties of a good quality, the great bulk of which they think will be marketed in Fayetteville.

To-morrow will witness the opening sale at the Planters Warehouse, which we trust is the inauguration of a great market for Fayetteville.

Insurgents Outwit Otis—Got Big Plunder from American Transport.

By cable to the Observer.

Manila, August 7.—The rebels have succeeded in eluding Otis' officers and have transferred three Americans and seventy Spanish from Cavite Province to Batua. They placed the prisoners in cascoes Wednesday night and towed them in by a steam launch past the guns of Corregido Island without being discovered. Daniel Garcia, a wealthy planter, who was among the prisoners, escaped and got to our lines. He says the rebels are well supplied with arms, ammunition and provisions. They secured many tons of canned food from the transport Centennial when she went ashore, and numbers of American uniforms, in which some of the rebels are dressed.

Dreyfus Before His Judges.

By cable to the Observer.

Rennes, August 7.—The hall where the Dreyfus trial is taking place was thrown open before seven this morning and the roll of members of the court martial called. Soon afterwards Dreyfus was brought in. Every precaution was taken against provoking a violent demonstration. Dreyfus entered the hall with an affable smile on his face and was more tranquil than usual. The arraignment of the prisoner was little more than a mere formality.

After the reading of the Bordereaux Dreyfus was asked if he recognized it. He said he did not, that it was not his work, adding: "I am innocent. Upon my honor, and everything held dear by me, by country and my children, I am innocent."

One of the Hardest Fought Battles of the Campaign this Morning.

By cable to the Observer

Manila, Aug. 9.—One of the hardest fought battles of the campaign in the Phillippines was fought this morning. MacArthur with a force of four thousand troops advanced to a point five miles beyond San Fernando and defeated a Filipino force of six thousand. The rebels retreated leaving many dead and wounded. The American loss is twenty killed and wounded. About four miles from San Fernando the scouting parties encountered bands of the enemy who retreated quickly. A mile further on the Filipino army was found intrenched and prepared for battle. They appeared well armed and with plenty of ammunition. They were attacked vigorously, directed by MacArthur in person. In spite of a deadly fire the Americans advanced steadily and then impetuously charged with the bayonet. The Filipinos fought hard, but finally gave way and the line fell back.

Otis Cables of the Engagement.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, August 9.—Gen. Otis cables that McArthur drove the enemy five miles. The attack was ordered on the seventh, but rain did not permit the movement. The railway north was badly washed by the unprecedented floods of the last six weeks, beyond the ability of the insurgents to repair.

The Dreyfus Court Martial.

By cable to the Observer.)

Rennes, August 9.—The secret session of the Dreyfus court martial lasted till a quarter to twelve to-day. Gen. Chanoine has almost completed his part in explanation of the dossier. There will be a private session to-morrow. The next public session will be Saturday. Dreyfus helped to translate some German documents.

English Gunboat Fires on French Fishing Smack.

By cable to the Observer.

London, Aug. 9.—A dispatch from Folkestone says that the gunboat Leda sighted a French fishing vessel within British limits this morning fired a blank cartridge to warn her and this having no effect a shot was fired which killed the helmsman.

A Warlike Action.

By cable to the Observer.

London, Aug. 9.—When the House of Commons opened this morning Mr. Chamberlain announced that the Government had decided to send several regiments of infantry to Natal. He said these troops were sent on the representation of the governor of Natal regarding the defenceless state of the colony. "These troops are sent to meet all contingencies" he continued. This significant statement was cheered.

Another Car Dynamited—Motorman Injured.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Cleveland, Aug. 9.—Another car was dynamited this morning. The car was torn up very badly and the motorman was seriously injured. The one passanger and the conductor escaped injury.

TO CLEANSE THE SYSTEM

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, to permanently overcome habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds, or fevers, use Syrup of Figs, made by the California Fig Syrup Co.

A Mother Tells How She Saved Her Little Daughter's Life.

I am the mother of eight children and have had a great deal of experience with medicines. Last summer my little daughter had the dysentery in its worst form. We thought she would die. I tried everything I could think of, but nothing seemed to do her any good. I saw by an advertisement in our paper that Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy was highly recommended and sent and got a bottle at once. It proved to be one of the very best medicines we ever had in the house. It saved my little daughter's life. I am anxious for every mother to know what an excellent medicine it is. Had I known it at first it would have saved me a great deal of anxiety and my little daughter much suffering.—Yours truly, MRS. GEO. F. BURDICK, Liberty, R. I. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

Quarantine Withdrawn.

By cable to the Observer.

Ponta, Delgada, Azores, August 9—The quarantine against the United States is withdrawn except as to ships from Virginian ports,

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets All druggists refund money if it fails ot cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve
Cures Piles, Scalds, Burns.

A. B. WILLIAMS,
COTTON BUYER,
HAY STREET,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C

FAYETTEVILLE MARKETS

REVISED DAILY.

COTTON.

Middling	5½
Good Middling	6
Market—firm.	

NAVAL STORES

Spirits	43½c
Common Rosin	70
Virgin	2 20
Yellow Dip	2 20
Hard	1 20

PRODUCE

REPORTED BY A. S. HUSKE, GROCER.

Flour—1st pat., sack,	$2.40@2.65
Family Flour—2nd pat., sack	$2.15 @ 2.25
Hides—dry—per lb.	8@10
" —green—per lb.	5
Wool—washed	15@20
Bacon—hog round per lb—new	8½
" —ham	10a10½
" —sides—new	8½a9
" —shoulders—new	7½a8
Oats—32 lbs per bushel	40@45
Peas—clay	60a75
" —mixed	70
" —white,	75a80
Meal—bolted—46 lbs per bushel	55 @60
" —unbolted—48 lbs per bushel	50@55
Corn—old—56 lbs per bushel	55
Onions—select—per bushel	50a60
Lard—N. C.	8@9
Tallow	4
Ducks	20@25
Hens—per head	22½@25
Roosters—per head	18 a 20
Turkeys—per lb	none
Guineas	none
Geese	25 a 30
Butter—choice yellow	16 a 20
Honey—strained—per lb	8c
Eggs,	9
Feathers—new	35 a 40
Potatoes—Irish—new	80
Potatoes—Sweet—new	100
Pork	5@6

Excursion Rates.

From and after this date the Steamer "Hurt" will sell round trip tickets from Fayetteville to Wilmington and return for $1.50.

Meals furnished at 25 cents. Tickets good till October 1st.

W. S. COOK,
August 3, 1899. Manager.

Horse For Sale.

I have for sale a fine Bone Horse, 8 years old, weight about 1100 to 1200 lbs, perfectly sound, works anywhere; a fine traveler. Price, $100; terms, spot cash.

Q. K. NIMOCKS,
10 Hay St., Fayettevill, N. C.
d 1t w 1t

Land Sale.

NORTH CAROLINA, Cumberland County. } Superior Cout.

By virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Cumberland County in a cause therein pending entitled Jos. A. Barnes, administrator of Moley Ivey, deceased, *versus* James Davis, Fannie Davis *et al.*, heirs-at law, the undersigned, Commissioner, appointed for that purpose, will, on Thursday, the 7th day of September, 1899, at 12 o'clock M., at the Market House in Fayetteville, N. C., sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real estate, viz:

A house and lot in Fayetteville, N. C., beginning in the west side of Adams street, the corner of lot No. 4 in plan of survey made by Duncan McCormick, and running N. 22 E. 1 ch. 30 lks. to the corner of a one acre lot laid off by Evans as in said plan appears; N. 67½ W. 5 chs. 25 lks. to a stone or stake in S. T. Hawley's line; thence S. 73½ W. 1 ch. 76 lks. to Hawley's corner; thence S. 21 W. 22 lks. to a stake or stone in the corner of lot No. 4; thence with the line of said lot S. 69 E. 6 chs. 63½ lks. to Adams street, the beginning, as by reference to said survey will appear, containing about 77-100 of an acre, it being the same land conveyed by J. A. Worth to Geo. Sloan and by Geo. Sloan to D. A. Bryant, and by said Bryant and wife to Pearce.

This August 5th, 1899.
JOSEPH A. BARNES,
Commissioner.
N. A. SINCLAIR, Attorney.

NOTHING BETTER

can be furnished than what we are now putting forth in the way of

Hot Weather Drinks

at our new soda fountain. Pure syrups in porcelain containers. No metallic contamination. New apparatus and everything clean, bright, and attractive.

HORNE'S PHARMACY.

Be Good to Yourself

and good to your friends.

When you treat a friend to whisky give him **THE BEST HARPER**

Whisky is the beverage for your friends and for you.

BEAR IN MIND

this one fact: Get your flour here. Buy PERFECTION. Take the trouble, if it's any trouble, to do this; it's well worth your while, both in the money you save and the satisfaction you derive from constant use of PERFECTION Flour. If it wasn't in very truth the BEST and CHEAPEST flour sold in Fayetteville, why should so many use it? A fresh car just in.

DIXIE POCKET KNIVES (Wostenholm make) 10 cents to $1.00. Table Cutlery

Now is the time to feed PRATT'S FOOD to your horses, mules and cows, 75 cents per sack.

To wholesale buyers we offer Mendleson Lye, Giant Soap Powder, Gold Dust, Celluloid and Lump Starch, Soaps, Baking Powders, Mason's Cakes and Crackers and R. B. Mills Snuff at lowest Factory prices.

Buggy Harness, $6 00 to $12 50 a set; Allen Saddles, $2 00 to $3 00; and a full line of leather goods, best quality at lowest prices.

Q. K. NIMOCKS,
Wholesale and Retail Grocer,
10 Hay street.
Phone 56.

Remember the Date,

AUGUST 10,

1899.

PLANTERS WAREHOUSE,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

will have its grand opening for the sale of

August 10th. **TOBACCO** August 10th.

ON AUGUST 10th.

We are going to make this a tobacco market worthy of your patronage. The business men of Fayetteville say it must be so, and you know what that means. We offer great advantages as a market and, to make success doubly sure, we have secured the services of W. J. BLACKBURN, of Greensboro, as manager, who has had twelve years' experience in the business and comes most highly recommended in every way.

The Warehouse will be opened every day in the week after the GRAND OPENING,

and, in connection with the warehouse, will be a

GRADING - DEPARTMENT,

under the supervision of experienced tobacco men.

We are prepared now to do grading preparatory to the opening sale. There will be ample accommodation for planters and their stock, and they may feel free to come and enquire about the tobacco business. Write us for information of any kind needed about tobacco.

☞Let us hear from you about grading your tobacco.

PLANTERS WAREHOUSE,
W. J. BLACKBURN, Manager.

"OLD TIME MOLASSES."

We have just received a large lot of Molasses, such as we have not had for years. SEE IT BEFORE YOU BUY.

Our Michigan Flours

are still in the lead. If you have not tried a sack of "PURITAN," you do not know what you are missing. It is better than many brands on this market that costs more money.

We handle many of the leading brands of FERTILIZERS

including Acid Phosphate and Kainit.

Our stock of Hardware is complete.

A. E. RANKIN CO.

SHURLBERTS.

Shears for Trimming Tobacco in the Field and Trimming Trees and Hedges.

For sale by WALTER WATSON, AGENT FOR

Deering Mowing and Harvesting Machinery,
Also Eclipse Engines and Saw Mill Outfits.

Address WALTER WATSON, Fayetteville, N. C.

See My Samples of New Goods

now on hand.

H. H. CARTLAND,

The Up-To-Date Greensboro Tailor.

A pretty, new and nobby line of Goods for Suitings, Pants and Vests are always on hand, and his prices are reasonable at all times.

The North Carolina College
—OF—
Agriculture and Mechanic Arts.

Term Begins Wednesday, September 6th.

Gives an extraordinary course of instruction at an extraordinarily low cost to the student.

It not only educates but prepares its students to become intelligent directors of agricultural and mechanical enterprises.

There are complete special and short courses in the various Agricultural, Industrial, Mechanical, Textile and Civic Arts.

Students will be allowed to stand the entrance examination at the county-seats of the counties in which they reside, thus saving the expense of a trip to Raleigh.

Entrance examinations will be held on the **19th of August,** in the court house, under the supervision of County Superintendent.

For further information, catalogue, etc., apply to
PRESIDENT GEO. T. WINSTON,
West Raleigh, N. C.

WANTED.

We want everybody that does not patronize us at present to send us some laundry so they will be convinced that

we are turning out work daily that looks like new goods.

Our work compares with any in the State. We can give high gloss, medium or a nice domestic finish, just as you like. Our lady manager has full charge of the ladies' apparel, so we solicit their patronage all the time.

☞Agents wanted in every town.

Yours to please,

Fayetteville Steam Laundry.

'Phone42.

DR. MOFFETT'S TEETHINA TEETHING POWDERS

Aids Digestion, Regulates the Bowels, Makes Teething Easy. TEETHINA Relieves the Bowel Troubles of Children of Any Age.

Ask Your Druggist for it.

ARE YOU
BANKRUPT in health, constitution undermined by extravagance in eating, by disregarding the laws of nature, or physical capital all gone, if so,

NEVER DESPAIR

Tutt's Liver Pills will cure you. For sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, torpid liver, constipation, biliousness and all kindred diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills
an absolute cure.

Robeson Tobacco Coming Here.

Maj. E. L. Pemberton, bookkeeper of the Planters Tobacco Warehouse of this city returned Wednesday from a trip through the adjoining townships of Robeson county. He visited a number of farms, which in the aggregate contain 182 acres in tobacco. He says that all or a large part at least of this tobacco will be marketed in Fayetteville.

Tobacco is now pouring into this city from all parts of this and adjoining counties to be graded for the big opening sale on August 10th. This will be a great day in Fayetteville and every man, woman and child in Cumberland and the border counties who possibly can should be present on that day and partake of the general enthusiasm. Make the day a grand success, farmers, and it may make the old Cape Fear section teem with riches and cause it to regain its pristine glory.

Hon. D. H. McLean on Constitutional Amendment.

Hon. D. H. McLean and Attorney H. L. Godwin, of Dunn, were in the city Thursday on their way to Sanford.

Mr. McLean is of course one of the most enthusiastic advocates of the constitutional amendment. When asked this morning if in his opinion the amendment was constitutional, he said: "Why, of course it is. Why not? Haven't the greatest lawyers in the South declared it constitutional?" Asked if the amendment would be carried, he replied: "Yes, it must and will be carried. Are we to lose the fruits of the last tremendous contest?'

That is the way for a Democrat to talk, and Dan Hugh McLean is the best of Democrats and an able man.

Rev. W. L. Cuninggim on Fayetteville and His Congregation—A Most Interesting Letter.

Rev. W. L. Cuninggim, the beloved pastor of Hay Street Methodist Church, writes the following kindly words of Fayetteville and his congregation to the Raleigh Christian Advocate:

DEAR BRO. IVEY:—Bishop Fitzgerald, in assigning us to Hay Street station, caused our lives to fall in pleasant places. At the time of our coming my health was very poor, and I was in no condition for doing acceptable work. But these good people bore with my infirmities, bestowing freely a heartfelt sympathy, gave me help at every point at which they could possibly do so, encouraged by their kind words, and at the mercy-seat brought grace, wisdom, strength, for me. In the midst of such favorable conditions, with what work we could do, under the blessing of our heavenly Father, there have been very many encouraging results. Every interest in the church, in the opinion of those best situated to know, has moved forward, but especially has there been a quickening of the spiritual life of the church. This has been indicated in many ways. During the week of prayer,, appointed by the Bishops, we had some delightful services; and what manifests it more clearly, the people seem more willing contributors of their means to further the interests of the kingdom of God. There has been some gain in numerical strength, also.

During this time my health has improved somewhat, but the brethren desire the improvement to be more rapid; so voluntarily and unanimously they have granted me a vacation of three weeks, or even more, if I choose to take it.

Coming home last Saturday morning from visiting the sick, in the front hallway of my home, I found a handsome "Rambler" bicycle, upon which was lying a note, worded as follows: "From the congregation of Hay Street M. E. Church, South, through its Board of Stewards, with much love and best wishes for our much beloved pastor."

These Christian people recognize that Fayetteville is a city of "magnificent distances," and they desire their pastor to be able to go those distances easily; and who knows (?) but it may suggest for him to go quickly, or, as modern phraseology has it—"to get a move on him!" If it were not that the vacation had been granted before they took up the bicycle question, one might suppose that the vacation was given in order for him to learn how to mount, dismount, and otherwise master his "silent steed."

Now will you not agree with me that these are kind people, and if there were not a higher reason, their kindness would be a sufficient motive for the preacher to do his best in pulpit and pastorate?

I am glad that during the absence of the pastor they will have the presence and preaching of Bro. Bishop and Dr. Ivey. They are looking forward with great pleasure to the coming of these two brethren, and we know their highest anticipations will be fulfilled. With sincere love for you and with earnest desire for your success in your work,

I am very truly yours,
W. L. CUNINGGIM.

Story of a Slave.

To be bound hand and foot for years by the chains of disease is the worst form of slavery. George D. Williams, of Manchester, Mich., tells how such a slave was made free. He says: "My wife has been so helpless for five years that she could not turn over in bed alone. After using two bottles of Electric Bitters, she is wonderfully improved and able to do her own work." This supreme remedy for female diseases quickly cures nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, headache, backache, fainting and dizzy spells. This miracle working medicine is a godsend to weak, sickly, rundown people. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50 cents. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son, druggists.

One Minute Cough Cure, cures
That is what it was made for.

About Tobacco and the Planters' Warehouse.

The auctioneer of the Planters' Warehouse arrived here Friday last. He is Mr. J. C. Dailey, of Burlington, a young man, very popular and well-fitted for his post, we learn.

The Burlington News of August 2nd says of him:

Mr. J. C. Dailey leaves to-morrow morning for Fayetteville, N. C., where he will engage in the tobacco business. John is a clever young man, a good business gentleman, and we hope he will win success in his new field.

It is a busy sight about the warehouse now, where thousands of pounds of tobacco are already being graded.

The Carolina Record of yesterday, in the following notice, has the date of the opening sale of the Planters Warehouse in this city wrong, no doubt a typographical error. It should be the 10th instead of the 17th:

Fayetteville's tobacco warehouse will open for business on August 17th. Competent and reliable men are to manage its affairs, and we bespeak for the enterprise a large share of the weed from this section.

All the tobacco which is mentioned in the subjoined article from the Red Springs Citizen should be marketed in Fayetteville:

We have it from a reliable source that the tobacco crop in this community, covering an area of some 5 miles, will be at least 25,000 pounds, and that it is of good quality, everything having been favorable to its production. It is now being cured and much of it will be marketed during August. Among thase who raised tobacco about here with success we mention the following: Messrs. Martin McKinnon, W. H. Flowers, J. T. Webb, John M. McNair, W. H. Edwards and W. J. McDonald. There are others, but we haven't their names.

News of Interest.

Two negroes who were witnesses of the murder of town marshal Atkinson, of Red Springs, and who are thought to be implicated in the crime, were brought here last week and placed in jail, says the Lumberton Robesonian.

Tobacco was sold here yesterday, says the Robesonian, from Bladen, Columbus and Robeson counties. A large number of planters watched the sale and all said they never saw a better break. The prices were generally satisfactory.

The Maryland Democratic State Convention was held at Ford's Opera House in Baltimore yesterday and nominated the following ticket:

For Governor, John Walter Smith, of Worcester county.

For Attorney General, Isador Raynor, of Baltimore.

For Comptroller, Joshua W. Hering, of Carroll county.

The convention was unusually harmonious and all the nominations were made by acclamation, Edwin Warfield, Mr. Smith's principal opponent, withdrawing at the last moment and placing the successful candidate in nomination.

A petition to President McKinley, protesting against the appointment of G. Z. French as Mr. W. H. Chadbourn's successor as postmaster, was circulated yesterday, says the Wilmington Star, and largely signed by business men. It will be presented to others for signatures today. It is a strongly written document, and conveys the idea that the appointment of French will not be tolerated by the people there.

The adjutant general of Iowa is in receipt of Manila advices that Captain A. F. Burton, of Company B, Fifty-first Iowa, from Villisca, has been suspended for cowardice and is now at Manila awaiting dishonorable discharge.

John Kelly, the Tammany leader and sporting man, better known as "Smiling John" Kelly, died in New York Thursday, aged 55 years. He is said to have been Richard Croker's closest friend and he had a wide acquaintance among turf men, having owned and raced many fine horses.

Volcanic Eruptions

Are grand, but skin eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnica Salve cures them, also old, running and fever sores, ulcers, boils, felons, corns, warts, cuts, bruises, burns, scalds, chapped hands, chilblains. Best pile cure on earth. Drives out pains and aches. Only 25 cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son, druggists.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

NEVER TOO OLD TO BE CURED.

S. S. S. Is a Great Blessing to Old People. It Gives Them New Blood and Life.

Age does not necessarily mean feebleness and ill health, and nearly all of the sickness among older people can be avoided. Most elderly people are very susceptible to illness, but it is wholly unnecessary. By keeping their blood pure they can fortify themselves so as to escape three-fourths of the ailments from which they suffer so generally. S. S. S. is the remedy which will keep their systems young, by purifying the blood, thoroughly removing all waste accumulations, and imparting new strength and life to the whole body. It increases the appetite, builds up the energies, and sends new life-giving blood throughout the entire system

Mrs. Sarah Pike, 477 Broadway, South Boston, writes: "I am seventy years old, and had not enjoyed good health for twenty years. I was sick in different ways, and in addition, had Eczema terribly on one of my legs. The doctor said that on account of my age, I would never be well again. I took a dozen bottles of S. S. S. and it cured me completely, and I am happy to say that I feel as well as I ever did in my life."

Mr. J. W. Loving, of Colquitt, Ga., says: "For eighteen years I suffered tortures from a fiery eruption on my skin. I tried almost every known remedy, but they failed one by one, and I was told that my age, which is sixty-six, was against me, and that I could never hope to be well again. I finally took S. S. S., and it cleansed my blood thoroughly, and now I am in perfect health."

S. S. S. FOR THE BLOOD

is the only remedy which can build up and strengthen old people, because it is the only one which is guaranteed free from potash, mercury, arsenic and other damaging minerals. It is made from roots and herbs, and has no chemicals whatever in it. S. S. S. cures the worst cases of Scrofula, Cancer, Eczema, Rheumatism, Tetter, Open Sores, Chronic Ulcers, Boils, or any other disease of the blood.

Books on these diseases will be sent free by Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

WORN-OUT WOMEN

Most women are drudges. Some are willing, some are unwilling. Some women drudge for themselves, some for their family. Their routine is endless; no matter how ill they feel they work.

Women never half take care of themselves. Early decay and wrecked lives abound, mainly through neglect. Every woman should have the book called "Health and Beauty," which the Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, O., will mail on request. It tells women some easy things to do to protect health, and all about the virtues of Pe-ru-na for women's peculiar ills. Miss Lizzie Peters, Mascoutah, Ill., writes:

"I am perfectly cured of female weakness by taking Pe-ru-na and Man-a-lin. I have gained thirty-seven pounds since I began taking Pe-ru-na. My friends are wondering what makes me look so bright and healthy. I would like to let the world know what a wonderful medicine Pe-ru-na is."

Woman's diseases are mainly catarrh of the pelvic organs. Pe-ru-na drives out every phase of catarrh.

Mrs. Eliza Wike, No. 120 Iron Street, Akron, O., writes:

"I would be in my grave now if it had not been for your God-sent remedy, Pe-ru-na. I was a broken-down woman, now I am well."

Hope Mills Items.

Hope Mills, N. C., August 4, 1899

Drs. Caviness and Gilbert have greatly convenienced themselves and the community by repairing the bridge at the Bluff dam and fixing the road which had become impassable.

Mr. Stephen Vaughn, of Cumberland Mills, who has been feeble for a long time, is now very low.

Mrs. Jennett McPhail, wife of the late Neil McPhail, died yesterday at the residence of her son, J. H. McPhail, near Hope Mills. Mrs. McPhail was a daughter of Diarmid McDiarmid, who came to North Carolina from island of Islay Argyle Shire, Scotland, in 1851 with five children, Margaret, who married Gary McGregor; Angus, who, while captain of a boat on the Cape Fear river, was drowned by a negro in 1856; Jennett, Archibald and Bella. Mrs. McPhail was 67 years old. Her health had been declining for three or four weeks but she was not confined to her room, and her death was unexpected. Her sister, Bella, and her son, Mr. J. H. McPhail, were the only members of her family present when she died. Her brother, Archibald, was at Sanford the night she died. In 1857 married Neill McPhail, from the Island of Jura, Scotland, who died last year. Mrs. McPhail leaves six children, J. H., A. D., D. A., Jeanette G. Holt, wife of D. Mc L. Holt, N. C. and W. J. D. A., N. C. and W. J. are in Alabama and will not reach here in time for the funeral, which will be from Long Street Church at 11 o'clock today. Mrs. McPhail joined the Presbyterian church when young. She lived a noble, christian life, leaving her example a rich heritage for her children who so deeply mourned her loss. She lived six years in our midst, and during that time endeared herself to many of our people, who will miss her genial smile and welcome grasp, and who extend to the solitary family their deepest sympathy.

Remarkable Rescue.

Mrs. Michael Curtain, Plainfield, Ill., makes the statement, that she caught cold, which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her she was a hopeless victim of consumption and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption; she bought a bottle and to her delight found herself benefitted from first dose. She continued its use and after taking six bottles, found herself sound and well; now does her own housework, and is as well as she ever was.—Free trial bottles of this Great Discovery at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store, large bottles 50c. and $1.00.

The soothing and healing properties of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, its pleasant taste and prompt and permanent cures, have made it a great favorite with the people everywhere. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

Gun-shot wounds and powder-burns, cuts, bruises, sprains, wounds from rusty nails, insect stings and ivy poisoning,—quickly healed by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Positively prevents blood poisoning. Beware of counterfeits. 'DeWitt' is SAFE and SURE. King Bros.'s

MOORE'S CREEK MONUMENT.

The Meeting in Wilmington in 1857 to Take Steps for its Erection—The Committees Appointed.

Sampson Democrat.

Point Caswell, N C.,
July 14, 1899.

In a copy of The Journal of February, 1857, is printed the list of committees of various counties. As most of these persons are dead it would, no doubt, be of interest to their descendants to know who constituted the Moore's Creek Monumental Association. I herewith send a true copy if you wish to publish them:

MOORE'S CREEK MONUMENT.

The committee appointed by the meeting of citizens at Moore's Creek on February 27th last met at the court house in Wilmington at 11 o'clock a. m., on the 6th instant. Present: Dr. Frederick P. Moore, Col. John Nixon, Jas. P. Moore, Col. John McRae, T. H. Ashe, Dr. P. M. Walker, Daniel Shaw.

The chairman stated that the object of the meeting was to take immediate action to raise funds necessary for the erection of a suitable monument on the ground where the battle of Moore's Creek was fought on February 27, 1776.

On motion, Atlas J. Grady was invited to take a seat with the committee, share in its deliberations, and act as secretary.

The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the chairman appoint committees in the following counties to solicit subscriptions for erecting a suitable monument on Moore's Creek battle ground; to-wit: New Hanover, Duplin, Lenoir, Wayne, Sampson, Cumberland, Bladen, Columbus and Brunswick.

"Resolved, that our senator and representatives in the general assembly be requested to apply to that body to make an appropriation to aid in the erection of a monument at Moore's Creek battle ground commemorative of the gallant deeds of our ancestors in the battle fought there on February 27, 1776, and of the important effects resulting therefrom upon the successful termination of our revolutionary struggle.

"Resolved, that in the opinion of this committee the time is now too short between this and the next anniversary of the battle of Moore's Creek to give all who desire to do so an opportunity of contributing to the erection of said monument; at the same time they deem it indispensable that at least the cornerstone should be laid at the meeting on the next anniversary; therefore

"Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to make arrangements for commencing the work on that day and that they obtain plans for a monument to cost $5,000 and submit the same at that time."

The chairman appointed under the first resolution the following committees who are respectfully requested to report to the secretary of this meeting on or before February 27, to-wit:

New Hanover County—Owen Fennell, James Kerr, James P. Moore, Owen Alderman, John Eaken, R. L. Bordeaux, John Jones, W. S. Larkins, D. McIntyre, W. J. Hand, John D. Powers, Lott Croom, Daniel Shaw, John Shepard, John Howard, Joseph M. Foy, Reuben Everett, John A. Sanders, R. Beasley, E. Porter, J. G. Pickett, W. S. Pridgeon, Charles Henry.

Duplin County—Isaac B. Kelly, Hargett Kornegay, Grady Outlaw, W. R. Ward, Edward Armstrong, O. R. Kenan, Zack Smith, Jr., A. O. Grady, Dr. Jas. H. Hicks, Henry B. Hurst.

Lenoir County—Council Wooten, Jackson Pollock, Pinckney Hardee, John F. Wooten, John C. Washington, John H. Jackson, John H. Peebles, Alexander Rouse, Whitfield Grady, Aretus Jones.

Wayne County—W. K. Lane, S. J. Baker, W. T. Dortch, William Robinson, John V. Sherrard, Louis Whitfield, John D. Pearsall, John Wright, William Carroway, H. R. Nixon.

Sampson County—Dr. William McKoy, Dr. Thos. Bunting, Wm. Faison, John R. Beaman, Richard C. Holmes, W. T. Kirby, J. P. Tredwell, P. Murphy, Chas. Harrison, A. Monk.

Cumberland County—James Banks, E. J. Hale, General John Winslow, J. McKethan, John Elliott, Colonel A. S. McNeill, David Murphy, John C. Blocker.

Bladen County—Rev. Colin Shaw, W. A. Melvin, T. C. McDowell, Dr. William Beatty, T. J. Jones, John B. Brown, Thomas O. Brown.

Columbus County—Colonel A. Smith, Calvin Hayes, Furney George, James Foy, Josiah Maultsby, A. C. Dickson.

Brunswick County—Owen D. Holmes, Samuel Langdon, Daniel L. Russell, James H. Pritchett, H. H. Watters, Moses Hewitt, Dr. L. Frink, Asa Ross, R. W. Rutland, William Wilson.

Town of Wilmington—Henry Nutt, Dr. J. D. Bellamy, W. T. J. Vann, Thomas H. Lane, Dr. A. O. Bradley.

The chairman appointed under the third resolution the following gentlemen as the monument committee, to-wit: Dr. E. A. Anderson, P. R. Dickinson and Donald McRae.

On motion, the chairman appointed the following gentlemen a committee to select an orator for the celebration of the next anniversary of the battle of Moore's Creek, to-wit: Hon. W. S. Ashe, John L. Holmes, Dr. F. J. Hill and George Davis.

On motion, the chairman appointed the following gentlemen a committee of correspondence: A. J. Grady, Thos. H. Ashe, Dr. P. M. Walker and Colonel John McRae.

On motion, the chairman appointed the following gentlemen a committee to make suitable arrangements on the battle ground at Moore's Creek for the celebration at the next anniversary, to wit: Dr. J. F. Simpson, D. McDuffie, Alfred Moore, John D. Moore, Dr. Jno. R. Haines, Edmond A. Haines, Henry Colvin, John H. Murphy, Henry Moore, Daniel McAllister, Joseph E. Lewis, Joel L. Moore, John F. Moore, C. W. Murphy, John Jones, Thomas H. Williams.

"Resolved, That the name of A. J. Grady, W. T. J. Vann and Dr. J. D. Bellamy be added to the general committee of arrangements

"Resolved, That the papers of the town be requested to publish the proceedings of this meeting, and that all other papers in the State are requested to copy the same.

F. J. HILL, Ch'n.
A. J. GRADY, Sec'y.

The above is a true copy.
R. P. PADDISON, Secretary
Moore's Creek Monumental Associa'n.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed. 10c, 25c, 50c.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

ICE-CREAM FREEZERS.

Our motto has always been to sell THE BEST. Acting on that we have purchased this season a stock of Lightning Freezers, because we believe they are the best.

Try one and you will be delighted.

WATER COOLERS.

A Water Cooler will save you about one-half your ice and give you cool drinking water all day.

We Have Some Beauties.

FISHING TACKLE.

Possibly you did not catch a lot of fish last time because you did not have good tackle. Call on us if you are going any more and you can get the right kind.

BUCK'S STOVE & RANGE — **HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.**

$15.95 — **ONLY ONE DOLLAR DOWN**

Cut this ad. out and send to us with $1.00 and we will send you this HIGH GRADE 1899 MODEL SOLID TOUPA BICYCLE, C.O.D. by express, subject to examination. Examine it at your freight depot and if found perfectly satisfactory and the greatest bicycle BARGAIN you ever saw or heard of, pay the FREIGHT AGENT our SPECIAL PRICE, $13.00 less the $1.00 sent with order or $12.00 and freight charges. This bicycle is made from best pin iron, extra large flues, heavy covers, heavy linings and grates, large oven shelf, heavy tin-lined oven door, handsome nickel-plated ornamentations and trimmings, extra large deep, genuine Standish porcelain lined reservoir, handsome large ornamented base. Best coal burner made, and we furnish FREE an extra wood grate, making it a perfect wood burner. WE ISSUE A BINDING GUARANTEE with every stove and guarantee safe delivery to your railroad station. Your local dealer would charge you $25.00 for such a stove, the freight is only about $1.00 for each 500 miles, so we save you at least $10.00. Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (INC.) CHICAGO, ILL. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

THE VIGILA IS COVERED BY A BINDING GUARANTEE. Frame is 22 or 24 inch, made from best seamless tubing, finest two-piece lugs, hubs and full ball bearings, finished in arch crown, green or maroon, highly nickel finished, Dalhi padded saddle, up or down turn handle bars, best Dayton pedals, EXTRA HEAVY 28 inch wheels, 1¾ inch tires, fine leather bag, complete with all tools and repair outfit. ORDER TODAY. YOU CAN MAKE $50.00 EVERY MONTH SELLING THESE WHEELS AT $25.00. (Name, Sapphire & Co., are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.) CATALOGUE FREE. SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

Littleton Female College,
LITTLETON, N. C.

Board, Laundry, full Literary Tuition and Library fee $132.00 for the entire scholastic year. To those applying in time the above charge may be reduced to $112.00 by one hour's work per day in Industrial Department.

The 17th Annual Session begins September 20th, 1899. For catalogue address
july 20-w2m REV. J. M. RHODES, A. M., President.

YOUR BOYS can enjoy a HEALTHFUL and BEAUTIFUL HOME, wholesome and abundant food, plenty of shade, pure water and fresh air, Faculty of seven specialists, manly outdoor sports, gymnasium, scholarships, prizes and medals and thorough Bible, classical, scientific and business courses at the

For handsome catalogue, sent free, address
PRESTON LEWIS GRAY, B. L.,
Mebane, N. C.

BINGHAM SCHOOL,
Orange County, N. C.

DAVIDSON COLLEGE,
DAVIDSON, N. C.

Sixty-third year begins September 7, 1899.

Ten professors and instructors
Courses for A. B., B. S. and A. M.
Laboratories well equipped.
Gymnasium complete.
Water Works and Baths
Classical, Mathematical, Scientific, Literary, Biblical and Medical.
Send for a catalogue.

J. B. SHEARER, President.

ATLANTA DENTAL COLLEGE,
Leading School of its kind in the South. CATALOGUE FREE TO PARTIES INTERESTED.

SALEM
Academy and College, for Girls and Young Women. Best home care, together with full College instruction. Specialists in Music, Art, Elocution, Languages, Commercial and Industrial Studies. Institution founded in 1802. The Register shows 328 last year. New term begins Wednesday, Sept. 6, 1899. Send for Catalogue to
REV. J. H. CLEWELL, Principal,
Salem, North Carolina.
8-3,6 t-w

[Founded 1880.]
Claremont College,
HICKORY, N. C.,
For Girls and Young Women.

Noted health resort. Pure mountain air and water. Ten schools in one. Chartered by the State. $400 Piano given to best music graduate. Home comforts. Faculty of 14 University men and women. Students from nearly every Southern State, also from Canada, Western and Northern States. Reasonable rates. Write for catalogue. S. P. HATTON, A. M., President.

THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

Widest patronage and fullest equipment in its history. Faculty, 38; Students, 495; 3 Academic Courses; 3 Elective Courses; 3 Professional Schools, in Law, Medicine and Pharmacy. New Buildings, Water Works, Splendid Libraries, Laboratories, etc.

Advanced Classes open to women. Tuition, $60 a year; Board, $8 a month. Ample opportunity for self help. Scholarships and Loans for the needy. Free tuition for teachers. Summer School for Teachers, 24 Instructors, 147 Students. Total enrollment 644.

For catalogue address
PRESIDENT ALDERMAN,
Chapel Hill, N. C.

RAEFORD MILITARY INSTITUTE,
RAEFORD, N. C.,
a school of high grade for
Boys and Girls.

Prepares for college or business. Schools of music, art and elocution. Unsurpassed in beauty of location and healthfulness of climate. Military discipline for boys. Physical culture for girls.

Full faculty of experienced teachers. Expenses small compared with advantages. Fall term opens September 5th, 1899. Apply for catalogue to
DR. A. P. DICKSON,
J. W. McLAUCHLIN or
J. W. ROBERTS, Ph. B.
july 26-w5t Principal.

PEACE INSTITUTE,
RALEIGH, N. C.

One of the best female schools in the South, and the cheapest for advantages given. Send for catalogue.
JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A.

TRINITY COLLEGE.

Forty-fifth year opens Wednesday, September 6th. Largest endowment of any College in the South. Completest Gymnasium in the State. Board $6.50 to $10.00 per month. Loan Scholarships for worthy young men. Young women admitted to all classes. Send for catalogue to
PRESIDENT KILGO,
june 24-1m Durham, N. C

The State Normal and Industrial College
of North Carolina
offers to young women thorough literary, classical, scientific, and industrial education and special pedagogical training.

Annual expenses $90 to $130; *for non-residents of the State* $150. Faculty of 30 members. More than 400 regular students. Has matriculated about 1,700 students, representing every county in the State except one. Practice and Observation School of about 250 pupils. *To secure board in dormitories, all free-tuition applications should be made before August 1.* Correspondence invited from those desiring competent trained teachers. For catalogue and other information, address PRESIDENT McIVER,
june 22-1m Greensboro, N. C.

HELP YOU SELL YOUR LANDS!

The Department of Agriculture was authorized by the last General Assembly to advertise for owners such lands as may be offered it for sale. If you have Forest, Mineral, Farming or Trucking Lands, or Water Powers for sale, correspond with
JOHN W. THOMPSON,
Assistant Commissioner, in charge of Immigration, Raleigh, N. C.

HOUSEHOLD, DAIRY and TOBACCO BARN THERMOMETERS At HORNE'S DRUG STORE.

Mortgage Foreclosure.

By virtue of the power of sale made and given in a certain mortgage executed by G. H. Henderson and wife, duly registered in Cumberland county in Book V, No. 4, page 70, the following described property will be sold to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, on

Saturday, August 26th,

1899, at 12 o'clock M., at the Market House in Fayetteville, N. C, viz: Beginning at John H. Finlaytor's (now Shepherd's) north-west corner on Chatham street, in the town of Fayetteville, running with said street N. 14½ W. 251 feet; thence South 64° East 257 feet to Abram Henderson's (now Dr. Patterson's) line; thence South 22° West with said line 215 feet; thence N. 64 W. 154 feet to the beginning, containing one acre more or less, being same land conveyed by B. W. Robinson to Geo. H. Henderson by deed July 12th, 1875, and recorded in Register's office, Cumberland county, Book N, No. 3, page 96.

N. A. SINCLAIR, Attorney.
July 24, 1899.

NORTH CAROLINA, } In the Superior
Cumberland County. } Court.

Annie Surles vs. Wesley Surles—Service of summons by publication.

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of Cumberland County, North Carolina, the purpose of the action being to obtain a decree of divorce and dissolution of the bonds of matrimony existing between the plaintiff and defendant; and the said defendant will further take notice, that he is required to appear at the next term of the Superior court of said county, to be held at the Court House in the city of Fayetteville, on the 3rd Monday after the first Monday in September, 1899, and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

This 20th day of May, 1899.
A. A. McKETHAN,
Clerk of the Superior Court.
By C. G. CAIN, Deputy C. S. C.
H. L. Cook, Attorney.
may 20 oaw6t

Administrator's Notice.

The undersigned, having qualified as Administrator of the estate of W. Douglas Smith, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present them on or before the 17th of June, 1900. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

J. W. PUKDIE, Adm'r
of W. Doug. Smith.
June 17, 1899.-oaw6t

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of Eliza Reddick, deceased, late of Cumberland county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the said estate to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 21st day of July, 1900, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

This 21st day of July 1899.
ED. C. SMITH,
H. L. Cook, Att'y.

Hides, Tallow, Beeswax. Bones, Rubber, Copper, Brass and Rags,

Much Money For You. Hides, Tallow, Beeswax, Bones, Rubber, Copper, Rags, Brass, etc., bought by W. A. CRAWFORD. It will pay you to investigate this matter. Gillespie street, Fayetteville, N. C.

FAYETTEVILLE MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.
Strictly First-Cass Work.

Call at my yard or write for prices.
Respectfully,
E. L. REMSBURG,
Proprietor,
Fayetteville, N. C.

For Sale.

One two-year-old full blood Guernsey Bull. To be seen at my place on Haymount. Apply to
W. W. HUSKE or
H. McD. ROBINSON.
June 29-dtaw-w3t.

SEND US ONE DOLLAR and this ad. and we will send you this big 225-lb. new 1899 pattern high-grade RESERVOIR COAL AND WOOD COOK STOVE, by freight C.O.D., subject to examination. Examine it at your freight depot and if found perfectly satisfactory and the greatest stove BARGAIN you ever saw or heard of, pay the FREIGHT AGENT our SPECIAL PRICE, $13.00 less the $1.00 sent with order or $12.00 and freight charges. This stove is size No. 8, oven is 18x24 in. top is 24x30, made from best pig iron, extra large flues, heavy covers, heavy linings and grates, large oven shelf, heavy tin-lined oven door, handsome nickel-plated ornamentations and trimmings, extra large deep, genuine Standish porcelain lined reservoir, handsome large ornamented base. Best coal burner made, and we furnish FREE an extra wood grate, making it a perfect wood burner. WE ISSUE A BINDING GUARANTEE with every stove and guarantee safe delivery to your railroad station. Your local dealer would charge you $25.00 for such a stove, the freight is only about $1.00 for each 500 miles, so we save you at least $10.00. Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (INC.) CHICAGO, ILL. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

WRITE FOR OUR BIG FREE STOVE CATALOGUE.

The STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,
Fayetteville, N. C.

HISTORY.—This Institution was established by the State Board of Education under an act of the General Assembly of 1876-77, for the training of teachers for the colored schools of the State. It has completed twenty-two school years of nine months each, in which 997 different students, from sixty-eight counties of the State, have been enrolled.

LOCATION.—The location for health and availability is all that could be desired.

APARTMENTS.—Apartments for boys and girls will be separate, but comfortable and well appointed.

FACULTY.—The instructors consist of persons especially selected on account of their experience, thorough competency and peculiar fitness for the performance of the work assigned them.

EXPENSES.—Tuition free. Board very reasonable.

Next Session Opens Sept. 4th.

For further information, write the principal,
E. E. SMITH,
Fayetteville, N. C.

25 CENTS

ISSUED MONTHLY

The Rand-McNally Official Guide and Hand Book of the Railway and Steam Navigation Lines of the United States, Dominion of Canada, and Mexico.

Devoted especially to transportation lines in the territory of the Ohio and Mississippi valleys, the lake region, including all lines governed by the time of the 90th meridian (Central Standard time), and west thereof; having also condensed and through timetables to all other sections.

SUBSCRIPTION $3.00 PER YEAR. 25 CTS PER COPY.
THE AMERICAN RAILWAY GUIDE CO., Publishers and Proprietors,
162 to 174 Adams Street, Chicago, Ill.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES. OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.
OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road
AND BRANCHES
AND A. C. L. RAILROAD COMPANY OF SOUTH CAROLINA.
CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED June 12, 1899.	No 48, Daily.	No 35, Daily.	No. 103 Dly ex. Sunday.	No 37, Daily.	No 49 Daily.
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M
Le ve Weldon	11 50	9 45			
Ar Rocky Mt.	12 25	10 36			
Lea re Tarboro	12 21		6 00		
Lv Rocky Mt,	1 00	10 36	8 45	5 40	12 12
Leave Wilson	1 38	11 14	7 18	6 20	1 00
Leave Selma	2 55	11 57			
Lv Fayetteville	4 30	1 10			
Ar Florence	7 25	3 15			
	P. M.	A. M.			
Ar Goldsboro	.....	.....	7 50		
Lv Goldsboro	.....	.....		7 01	3 11
Lv Magnolia	.....	.....		8 09	4 25
Ar Wilmington	.....	.....		9 40	5 50
				P. M.	A. M. P. M

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No 78 Daily.	No. 102, Dly ex. Sunday.	No 82, Daily.	No 40 Daily.	No 46, Daily.
	A. M.		P. M.		
Lv Florence	9 40		7 45		
Lv Fayetteville	12 20		9 45		
Leave Selma	1 50		10 54		
Arrive Wilson	2 55		11 31		